

Features

- OptiLogic[™] provides array self-detection via onboard infrared sensors and accelerometers for near-instant optimization that cuts down on setup and tuning time.
- Extremely approachable EAWmosaic™ iOS app delivers system. prediction, control and monitoring from any location in the venue.
- Proven EAW acoustical design and DSP including Focusing™ and DynO[™] provides a pristine impulse response at all output levels.
- Integrated Dante™ networking (with loop-thru) on all models including Analog redundancy capability.

Applications

- House of Worship
- Theatres, Auditoria and Performing Arts Centers
- · Live Music Clubs
- Corporate AV Houses
- · Live Production/Regional Rental Houses
- Dry Hire

Description

Designed to streamline setup and deliver maximum results in minimum time, RADIUS couples unique and intelligent features with EAW's signature acoustical design to deliver solutions for rental firms and system integrators. The RADIUS articulated array features OptiLogic, providing automatic array self-detection and instant optimization including air loss compensation and more. EAWmosaic™ app provides total system optimization from anywhere in the venue, plus intuitive room design and prediction in a single, comprehensive application. With the proven sonic performance of EAW's acoustic design and DSP mastery plus full Dante integration across the line, RADIUS delivers an intelligent and flexible system to fit any budget.

3-WAY SELF-POWERED LOUDSPEAKER 120° × 12°

Configuration

Subsystem

Operating Mode	Amplifier Channels	Signal Processing
HF	2 x 1 in exit, 1.4 in voice coil compression drivers	Horn-loaded
LF/MF	1 x 8 in cone, 2 in voice coil	Vented
LF	1 x 8 in cone, 2 in voice coil	Vented
	Hallsuucei	Loading

Loading

DSP w/EAW Focusing™

and DynO™

Tri-amp **Acoustical Performance**

Operating Range

70 Hz to 18 kHz

Transducer

LF, LF/MF, HF

Nominal Beamwidth

Vertical 12° Horizontal 120°

Calculated Axial Output Limit (whole space SPL - 6dB Crest Factor)

Peak Average LF/MF/HF 122 dB 128 dB Max SPL (whole space SPL - 12dB Crest Factor) 131 dB

Electrical Performance

IIIput	
Type	Electronically balanced
Max Input Level	21dBu
Impedance	20 kOhm (balanced)
Wiring	XLRF, Pin 1 chassis, pin 2 +, pin 3 -
	Separate loop-thru XLRM (for analog signal only)
Input Selection	

Analog, Dante

Amplifiers & Processing LF/MF/HF

Туре	Modified Class D		
Maximum Output	3x 500W		
Driver Protection	Integral DSP limiting		
AC Mains (nominal)			
Connector	Neutrik PowerCon®		
Input	100 V to 240 V		
Frequency	50 Hz to 60 Hz		
Power Consumption	Idle	26 W	
	Peak Draw	250 W	

Controls/Communication

Connections	2x Neutrik® etherCON™, RJ-45
Protocols	Ethernet/Dante
Software	EAWmosaic™ (available on the App Store)
Indicators	LCD Screen on amplifier panel for UI, Logo LED (User-definable behavior)
User Controls	Push-button Rotary Encoder

Weight 40.5 lbs/18.4 kg

Dimensions 9.8x27x13 in / 249x683x332 mm

Ordering Data

Description	Part Number
EAW RSX208L BLACK	2047570-90
Optional Accessories	
EAW FBX100 FLYBAR BLACK	2047169-00
EAW ACC WEATHER SHIELD HORZ BLK	2047681
EAW SBX100 STAND MOUNT BLACK	2047369
EAW ACC ROADCASE RSX208L	2047368

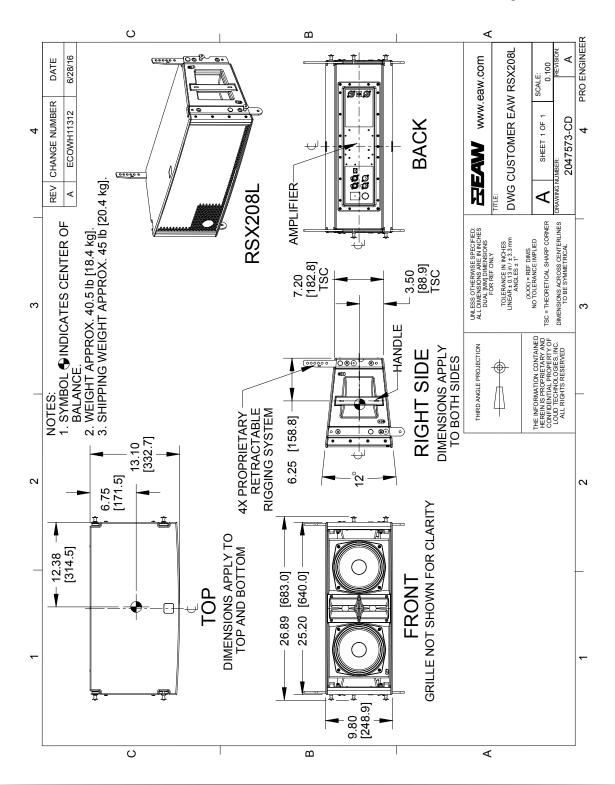




Enclosure

MaterialExterior-grade hardwood plywoodFinishWeather-resistant textured RoadCoat™GrillePre-treated, powder-coated perforated steel

NOTE: This drawing has been reduced. Do not scale.





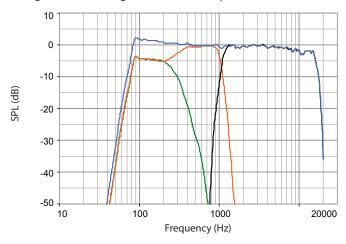


Performance Data

See NOTES GRAPHIC DATA for details

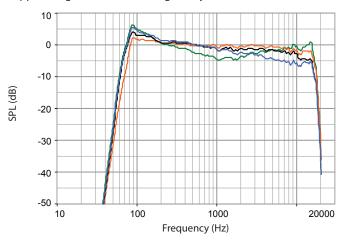
Frequency Response: Processed

LF = green, MF = orange, HF = black, Complete = blue



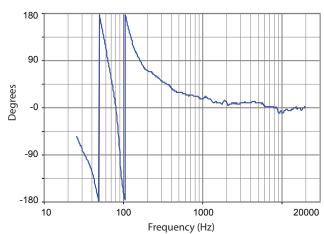
Frequency Response: Voicings

Sapphire = green, White = orange, Grey = black, Blue = blue

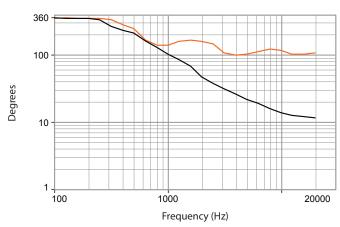


Phase Linearity

Complete = blue



Beamwidth

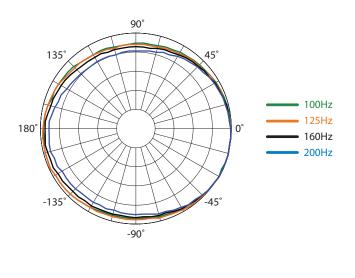


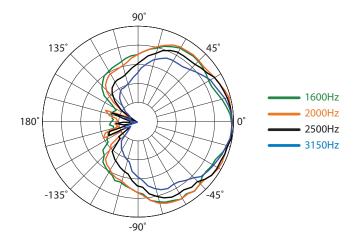


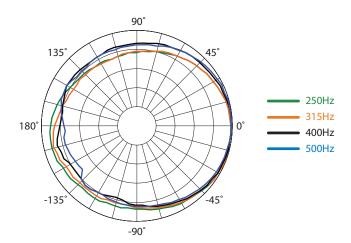


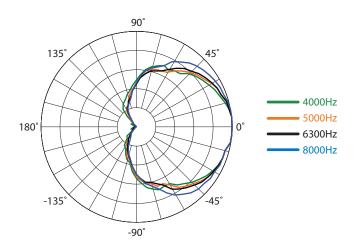
Horizontal Polar Data

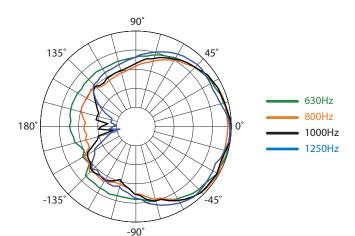
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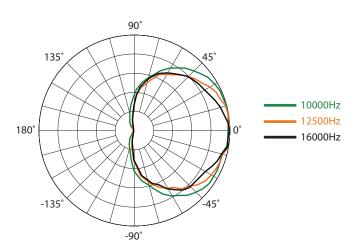










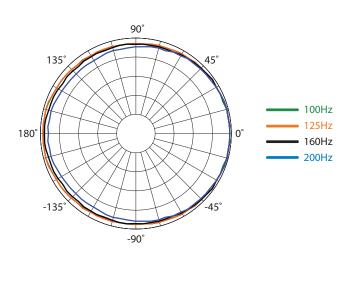


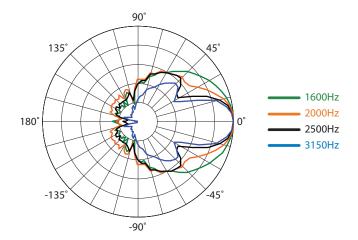


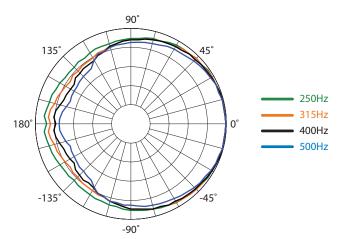


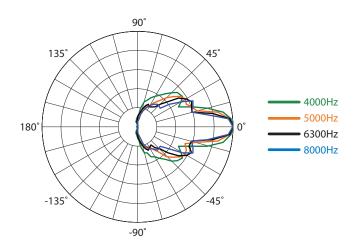
Vertical Polar Data

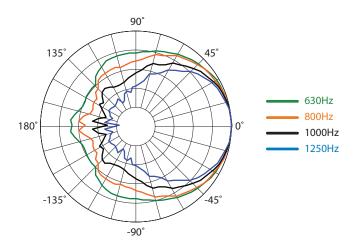
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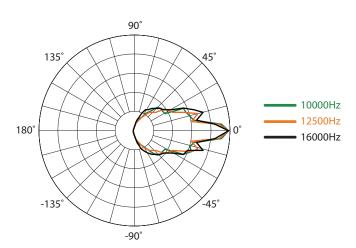












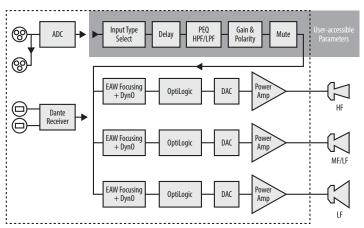




Input Panel



Signal Diagram



Leaend

HPF High Pass Filter for crossover –or– Recommended High Pass Filter

LPF Low Pass Filter for crossover

LF/MF/HF

Low Frequency / Mid Frequency / High Frequency User Supplied Power Amplifier –or– Integral Amplifier for NT products

XVR Passive LPFs, HPFs, and EQ integral to the loudspeaker

EAW Focusing Digital Signal Processor capable of implementing EAW Focusing EAW DynO Digital Signal Processor capable of implementing EAW DynO processing

Notes

TABULAR DATA

- 1. Measurement/Data Processing Systems: Primary FChart: proprietary EAW software; Secondary Brüel & Kjær 2012.
- 2. Microphone Systems: Earthworks M30; Brüel & Kjær 4133
- 3. Measurements: Dual channel FFT; length: 32 768 samples; sample rate: 48 kHz; logarithmic sine wave sweep.
- 4. Measurement System Qualification (includes all uncertainties): SPL: accuracy +/-0.2 dB @ 1 kHz, precision +/-0.5 dB 20 Hz to 20 kHz, resolution 0.05 dB; Frequency: accuracy +/-1 %, precision +/-0.1 Hz, resolution the $larger \ of \ 1.5 \ Hz \ or \ 1/48 \ octave; Time: accuracy +/-10.4 \ \mu s, precision \ +/-0.5 \ \mu s, resolution \ 10.4 \ \mu s; Angular: accuracy +/-1 \ \rho, precision \ +/-0.5 \ \rho, resolution \ 10.5 \ \rho, res$
- 5. Environment: Measurements time-windowed and processed to eliminate room effects, approximating an anechoic environment. Data processed as anechoic or fractional space, as noted.
- 6. Measurement Distance: 7.46 m. Acoustic responses represent complex summation of the subsystems at 20 m. SPL is referenced to other distances using the Inverse Square Law.
- 7. Enclosure Orientation: For beamwidth and polar specifications, as shown in Mechanical Specification drawing.
- 8. Volts: Measured rms value of the test signal.
- 9. Watts: Per audio industry practice, "loudspeaker watts" are calculated as voltage squared divided by rated nominal impedance. Thus, these are not True Watt units of energy as defined by International Standard.
- 10. SPL: (Sound Pressure Level) Equivalent to the average level of a signal referenced to 0 dB SPL = 20 microPascals.
- 11. Subsystem: This lists the transducer(s) and their acoustic loading for each passband. Sub = Subwoofer, LF = Low Frequency, MF = Mid Frequency, HF = High Frequency.
- 12. Operating Mode: User selectable configurations. Between system elements, a comma (,) = separate amplifier channels; a slash (/) = single amplifier channel. DSP = Digital Signal Processor. IMPORTANT: To achieve the specified performance, the listed external signal processing must be used with EAW-provided settings.
- 13. Operating Range: Range where the processed Frequency Response stays within -10 dB SPL of the power averaged SPL within this range; measured on the geometric axis. Narrow band dips are excepted.
- 14. Nominal Beamwidth: Design angle for the -6 dB SPL points, referenced to 0 dB SPL as the highest level.
- 15. Axial Sensitivity: Power averaged SPL over the Operating Range with an input voltage that would produce 1 W at the nominal impedance; measured with no external processing on the geometric axis, referenced to 1 m.
- 16. Nominal Impedance: Selected 4, 8, or 16 ohm resistance such that the minimum impedance point is no more than 20% below this resistance over the Operating Range.
- 17. Accelerated Life Test: Maximum test input voltage applied with an EIA-426B defined spectrum; measured with recommended signal processing and Recommended Protection Filter.
- 18. Calculated Axial Output Limit: Highest average and peak SPLs possible during the Accelerated Life Test. The Peak SPL represents the 2:1 (6 dB) crest factor of the Life Test signal.
- 19. High Pass Filter: This helps protect the loudspeaker from excessive input signal levels at frequencies below the Operating Range

GRAPHIC DATA

- 1. Resolution: To remove insignificant fine details, 1/12 octave cepstral smoothing was applied to acoustic frequency responses and 1/3 octave cepstral smoothing was applied to the beamwidth and impedance data. Other graphs are plotted using raw data.
- 2. Frequency Responses: Variation in acoustic output level with frequency for a constant input signal. Processed: normalized to 0 dB SPL. Unprocessed inputs: 2 V (4 ohm nominal impedance), 2.83 V (8 ohm nominal impedance), or 4 V (16 ohm nominal impedance) referenced to a distance of 1 m.
- 3. **Processor Response:** The variation in output level with frequency for a constant input signal of $0.775 \, \text{V} = 0 \, \text{dB}$ reference.
- 4. Beamwidth: Average angle for each 1/3 octave frequency band where, starting from the rear of the loudspeaker, the output first reaches -6 dB SPL referenced to 0 dB SPL as the highest level. This method means the output may drop below -6 dB SPL within the beamwidth angle.
- 5. Impedance: Variation in impedance magnitude, in ohms, with frequency without regard to voltage/current phase. This means the impedance values may not be used to calculate True Watts (see 9 above).
- 6. Polar Data: Horizontal and vertical polar responses for each 1/3 octave frequency band 100 Hz to 16 kHz or Operating Range



