

# **IRCAM Trax**

FLUX:: Immersive

2023-02-06

# Table of contents

|          |  |           |
|----------|--|-----------|
| <b>2</b> | <b>Mode</b>  | <b>12</b> |
| 2.1      | (1) Voice . . . . .  | 12        |
| 2.2      | (2) Instrument . . . . .                                       | 13        |
| 2.3      | (3) Music . . . . .  | 13        |
| 2.4      | (4) Polyphonic . . . . .                                       | 13        |
| <b>3</b> | <b>Source</b>  | <b>14</b> |
| 3.1      | (5) Source Preset . . . . .                                    | 15        |
| 3.2      | (6) Source Registers . . . . .                                 | 15        |
|          | 3.2.1 Available presets in Voice mode: . . . . .               | 15        |
|          | 3.2.2 Instrument mode: . . . . .                               | 15        |
| 3.3      | (7) F0 Min . . . . .   | 16        |
| 3.4      | (8) F0 Mean . . . . .  | 16        |
| 3.5      | (9) F0 Max . . . . .   | 16        |
| 3.6      | (10) Tune (A) . . . . .  | 16        |
| 3.7      | (11) Learn . . . . .   | 16        |
| <b>4</b> | <b>Target</b>  | <b>18</b> |
| 4.1      | (12) Target Preset . . . . .                                   | 20        |
| 4.2      | (13) Target Register . . . . .                                 | 20        |
|          | 4.2.1 Registers available in Voice mode: . . . . .             | 20        |
|          | 4.2.2 Registers available in instrument mode: . . . . .        | 20        |
| 4.3      | (14) Transpose . . . . .                                       | 21        |
| 4.4      | (15) Formant . . . . .   | 21        |
| 4.5      | (16) Link . . . . .  | 21        |
| 4.6      | (17) Inv. . . . .  | 21        |
| 4.7      | (18) Voice Forger Target F(0) . . . . .                        | 21        |
| 4.8      | (19) Integration . . . . .                                     | 22        |
| 4.9      | (20) Flat <-> Expr. (Voice and Instrument Mode only) . . . . . | 22        |
| 4.10     | (21) Young <-> Old (Voice Mode only) . . . . .                 | 23        |
| 4.11     | (22) Male <-> Female (Voice Mode only) . . . . .               | 23        |
| 4.12     | (23) Breathly (Voice and Instrument Mode only) . . . . .       | 23        |
| <b>5</b> | <b>Remix</b>   | <b>24</b> |
| 5.1      | (24) Remix On / Off . . . . .                                  | 24        |

|          |  |           |
|----------|--|-----------|
| 5.2      | (25) Sinus . . . . .                         | 25        |
| 5.3      | (26) Sinus Solo . . . . .                    | 25        |
| 5.4      | (27) Sinus Mute . . . . .                    | 25        |
| 5.5      | (28) Noise . . . . .                         | 25        |
| 5.6      | (29) Noise Solo . . . . .                    | 25        |
| 5.7      | (30) Noise Mute . . . . .                    | 25        |
| 5.8      | (31) Noise error . . . . .                   | 25        |
| 5.9      | (32) Transient . . . . .                     | 26        |
| 5.10     | (33) Transient Solo . . . . .                | 26        |
| 5.11     | (34) Transient Mute . . . . .                | 26        |
| 5.12     | (35) Transient relax . . . . .               | 26        |
| <b>6</b> | <b>Filters</b>                               | <b>27</b> |
| 6.1      | (36) Filter Curve . . . . .                  | 27        |
| 6.2      | (37) High Pass . . . . .                     | 27        |
| 6.3      | (38) High Pass On . . . . .                  | 27        |
| 6.4      | (39) Post High Pass . . . . .                | 28        |
| 6.5      | (40) Low Pass . . . . .                      | 28        |
| 6.6      | (41) Low Pass On . . . . .                   | 28        |
| 6.7      | (42) Post Low Pass . . . . .                 | 28        |
| <b>7</b> | <b>Options</b>                               | <b>29</b> |
| 7.1      | (43) Window Size (Music Mode only) . . . . . | 29        |
| 7.2      | (44) Overlap . . . . .                       | 29        |
| 7.3      | (45) Oversampling . . . . .                  | 30        |
| 7.4      | (46) Mode . . . . .                          | 30        |
| 7.5      | (47) Transient . . . . .                     | 30        |
| <b>8</b> | <b>Modulation</b>                            | <b>31</b> |
| 8.1      | (48) Transpose . . . . .                     | 31        |
| 8.2      | (49) Formant On/Off . . . . .                | 31        |
| 8.3      | (50) Waveform . . . . .                      | 32        |
| 8.4      | (51) Random . . . . .                        | 32        |
| 8.5      | (52) Freq. . . . .                           | 32        |
| 8.6      | (53) Depth . . . . .                         | 32        |
| 8.7      | (54) Freq. Range . . . . .                   | 32        |
| 8.8      | (55) Depth Range . . . . .                   | 33        |
| <b>9</b> | <b>Spectral Envelope</b>                     | <b>34</b> |
| 9.1      | (56) Spectral Envelope . . . . .             | 34        |
| 9.2      | (57) Full Size Display . . . . .             | 34        |
| 9.3      | (58) First formant region . . . . .          | 35        |
| 9.4      | (59) Second formant region . . . . .         | 35        |

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| 9.5 (60) Spectral Envelope Curve . . . . .          | 35        |
| <b>10 Main Input - Output Section</b>               | <b>36</b> |
| 10.1 (61) Input Level . . . . .                     | 36        |
| 10.2 (62) Input level-meter . . . . .               | 36        |
| 10.3 (63) Output Level . . . . .                    | 37        |
| 10.4 (64) Output level-meter . . . . .              | 37        |
| 10.5 (65) Day - Night . . . . .                     | 37        |
| 10.6 (67) Bypass . . . . .                          | 37        |
| 10.7 (68) Dry/Wet . . . . .                         | 37        |
| <br>  |           |
| <b>II Cross Synthesis &amp; Source Filter Tools</b> | <b>38</b> |
| Introduction: . . . . .                             | 39        |
| <br>  |           |
| <b>11 Cross Synthesis</b>                           | <b>40</b> |
| 11.1 (69) Oversampling . . . . .                    | 40        |
| 11.2 (70) Overlapp . . . . .                        | 40        |
| 11.3 (71) Window Size . . . . .                     | 41        |
| 11.4 (72) Transient . . . . .                       | 41        |
| 11.5 Amplitude: . . . . .                           | 41        |
| 11.5.1 (73) Amplitude Left . . . . .                | 41        |
| 11.5.2 (74) Amplitude Right . . . . .               | 41        |
| 11.5.3 (75) Amplitude Link . . . . .                | 41        |
| 11.5.4 (76) Product . . . . .                       | 42        |
| 11.5.5 (77) Power . . . . .                         | 42        |
| 11.6 Frequency : . . . . .                          | 42        |
| 11.6.1 (78) Frequency Left . . . . .                | 42        |
| 11.6.2 (79) Frequency Link . . . . .                | 42        |
| 11.6.3 (80) Frequency Right . . . . .               | 42        |
| <br>  |           |
| <b>12 Source Filter</b>                             | <b>43</b> |
| 12.1 (81) Oversampling . . . . .                    | 44        |
| 12.2 (82) Overlap . . . . .                         | 44        |
| 12.3 (83) Window Size . . . . .                     | 44        |
| 12.4 (84) Temporal envelopes . . . . .              | 44        |
| 12.5 (85) True Env. . . . .                         | 44        |
| 12.6 (86) Max F(0) . . . . .                        | 44        |
| 12.7 (87) LPC . . . . .                             | 45        |
| 12.8 (88) Order . . . . .                           | 45        |
| 12.9 (89) Mix . . . . .                             | 45        |

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| <b>13 Preset Section</b>   | <b>46</b> |
| 13.1 (90) Save Preset . . . . .                                      | 46        |
| 13.2 (91) Recall Preset . . . . .                                    | 46        |
| 13.3 (92) Copy A-B . . . . .   | 47        |
| 13.4 (93) Preset Name . . . . .                                      | 47        |
| 13.5 (94) A - B Morphing . . . . .                                   | 47        |
| 13.6 (95) Automation . . . . .                                       | 47        |
| <br>   |           |
| <b>14 Presets Management</b>   | <b>48</b> |
| 14.1 From the Plug-in interface . . . . .                            | 48        |
| 14.1.1 A-B Sections . . . . .  | 48        |
| 14.1.2 Save . . . . .  | 48        |
| 14.1.3 Recall . . . . .  | 48        |
| 14.1.4 AB Slider . . . . .   | 48        |
| 14.2 From the Preset Management Window . . . . .                     | 49        |
| 14.2.1 Recall A . . . . .  | 49        |
| 14.2.2 Recall B . . . . .  | 50        |
| 14.2.3 Copy A and Copy B . . . . .                                   | 50        |
| 14.2.4 Update . . . . .  | 50        |
| 14.2.5 New . . . . .   | 50        |
| 14.2.6 Duplicate . . . . .   | 50        |
| 14.2.7 Edit . . . . .  | 50        |
| 14.2.8 Delete . . . . .  | 50        |
| 14.2.9 Export . . . . .  | 50        |
| 14.2.10 Import . . . . .   | 50        |
| 14.2.11 Ordering arrows . . . . .                                    | 51        |
| <br>   |           |
| <b>15 Credits</b>  | <b>52</b> |
| 15.1 Software development . . . . .                                  | 52        |
| 15.1.1 Project Manager and Designer: . . . . .                       | 52        |
| 15.1.2 Application Development: . . . . .                            | 52        |
| 15.1.3 FLUX:: DSP Design and Development: . . . . .                  | 52        |
| 15.1.4 Graphic design: . . . . .                                     | 52        |
| 15.1.5 FLUX:: Framework development: . . . . .                       | 52        |
| 15.1.6 FLUX:: Framework graphic engine: . . . . .                    | 52        |
| 15.1.7 And . . . . .   | 53        |
| 15.1.8 FLUX:: Special Thanks to: . . . . .                           | 53        |
| 15.2 FLUX:: . . . . .  | 53        |
| 15.3 Additional libs . . . . .                                       | 53        |
| 15.4 Open source libraries . . . . .                                 | 54        |
| 15.4.1 RTTrPM SDK (Blacktraxx) . . . . .                             | 54        |
| 15.4.2 ThorVG (replaces crossed-out libraries above) - MIT . . . . . | 54        |
| 15.4.3 r8brain free - MIT . . . . .                                  | 55        |

|         |  |    |
|---------|--|----|
| 15.4.4  | ooura fft from lmdsp - MIT (or MIT-like)             | 55 |
| 15.4.5  | LibJpeg - Custom (BSD-like)                          | 55 |
| 15.4.6  | libpng - PNG Reference Library License version 2     | 55 |
| 15.4.7  | Freetype 2 - FreeType License                        | 55 |
| 15.4.8  | Zlib - zlib  | 56 |
| 15.4.9  | bzip2 - Modified zlib                                | 56 |
| 15.4.10 | Boost - BSL-1.0                                      | 56 |
| 15.4.11 | mimalloc - MIT                                       | 56 |
| 15.4.12 | ni-media - MIT                                       | 56 |
| 15.4.13 | ppft   | 56 |
| 15.4.14 | pybind11   | 56 |
| 15.4.15 | rtaudio  | 56 |
| 15.4.16 | rtmidi   | 56 |
| 15.4.17 | concurrentqueue - Simplified BSD                     | 57 |
| 15.4.18 | readerwriterqueue - Simplified BSD                   | 57 |
| 15.4.19 | assimp   | 58 |
| 15.4.20 | enet - MIT   | 59 |
| 15.4.21 | fmt  | 59 |
| 15.4.22 | functions (Erik Rigtorp) - MIT                       | 59 |
| 15.4.23 | inplace_function - BSL-1.0                           | 59 |
| 15.4.24 | gtest - "BSD 3-Clause "New" or "Revised"             | 59 |
| 15.4.25 | jsoncpp - MIT  | 60 |
| 15.4.26 | libcurl - MIT like                                   | 60 |
| 15.4.27 | magic_enum - MIT                                     | 61 |
| 15.4.28 | nanobench - MIT                                      | 61 |
| 15.4.29 | nlohmann_json - MIT                                  | 62 |
| 15.4.30 | openddl - MIT  | 62 |
| 15.4.31 | openvr - "BSD 3-Clause "New" or "Revised"            | 63 |
| 15.4.32 | poly2tri - "BSD 3-Clause "New" or "Revised"          | 63 |
| 15.4.33 | pugixml - MIT  | 64 |
| 15.4.34 | rapidjson - MIT                                      | 64 |
| 15.4.35 | shared_recursive_mutex - MIT                         | 65 |
| 15.4.36 | sentry-native - MIT                                  | 65 |
| 15.4.37 | sqlite3 - Public Domain                              | 66 |
| 15.4.38 | sqlite_orm - MIT                                     | 66 |
| 15.4.39 | stb - MIT  | 67 |
| 15.4.40 | utfcpp - BSL-1.0                                     | 67 |
| 15.4.41 | unqlite - BSD 2-clause                               | 68 |
| 15.4.42 | argh (Andrey Mikhaylenko) - LGPLv3                   | 68 |
| 15.4.43 | chardet (Mark Pilgrim, Daniel Blanchard) - LGPL v2.1 | 68 |
| 15.4.44 | charset_normalizer - MIT                             | 68 |
| 15.4.45 | docopt (Vladimir Keleshev) - MIT                     | 69 |
| 15.4.46 | dotenv - "BSD 3-Clause "New" or "Revised"            | 69 |

|   |               |
|---|---------------|
| <b>16 Specifications</b>  | <b>71</b>     |
| 16.1 Availability . . . . .   | 71            |
| 16.2 Processing . . . . .   | 71            |
| 16.3 Hardware Requirements . . . . .  | 71            |
| 16.4 Software License Requirements . . . . .                                  | 71            |
| 16.5 Compatibility . . . . .  | 72            |
| 16.5.1 Windows – 10, in 64 bits only. . . . .                                 | 72            |
| 16.5.2 macOS (Intel and ARM) . . . . .  | 72            |
| <br><b>Appendices</b>   | <br><b>73</b> |
| <b>A Release Notes</b>  | <b>73</b>     |
| A.1 Build 24.07.0.50393 - All plugins . . . . .                               | 73            |
| A.1.1 New Features . . . . .  | 73            |
| A.1.2 Improvements . . . . .  | 73            |
| A.1.3 Bugs . . . . .  | 73            |
| A.1.4 Known Issues . . . . .  | 73            |
| A.2 Build 24.06.0.50386 - All plugins . . . . .                               | 74            |
| A.2.1 Improvements . . . . .  | 74            |
| A.2.2 Bugs . . . . .  | 74            |
| A.2.3 Known Issues . . . . .  | 75            |
| A.3 Build 23.07.50310 - All plugins . . . . .                                 | 76            |
| A.3.1 New features . . . . .  | 76            |
| A.3.2 Bugs fixes . . . . .  | 76            |
| A.3.3 Known issues . . . . .  | 77            |
| A.4 Build 23.1.0.50251 - All plugins . . . . .                                | 77            |
| A.4.1 New features . . . . .  | 77            |
| A.4.2 Bugs fixes . . . . .  | 78            |
| A.4.3 Known issues . . . . .  | 79            |
| A.5 Build 21.12.0.50123 - All plugins except TRAX and StudioSession . . . . . | 79            |
| A.6 Build 21.11.0.50107 (HEar, IRCAM Verb) . . . . .                          | 80            |
| A.7 FLUX:: Immersive - Plugins (including IRCAM Tools) 21.09 . . . . .        | 80            |
| A.7.1 Build 21.9.0.50083 . . . . .  | 80            |
| A.8 FLUX:: Immersive - Plugins (including IRCAM Tools) 20.12 . . . . .        | 81            |
| A.8.1 Build 20.12.0.49880 . . . . .   | 81            |
| A.9 Known Issues . . . . .  | 82            |

# 1

[Product Page](#) | [Shop Page](#)



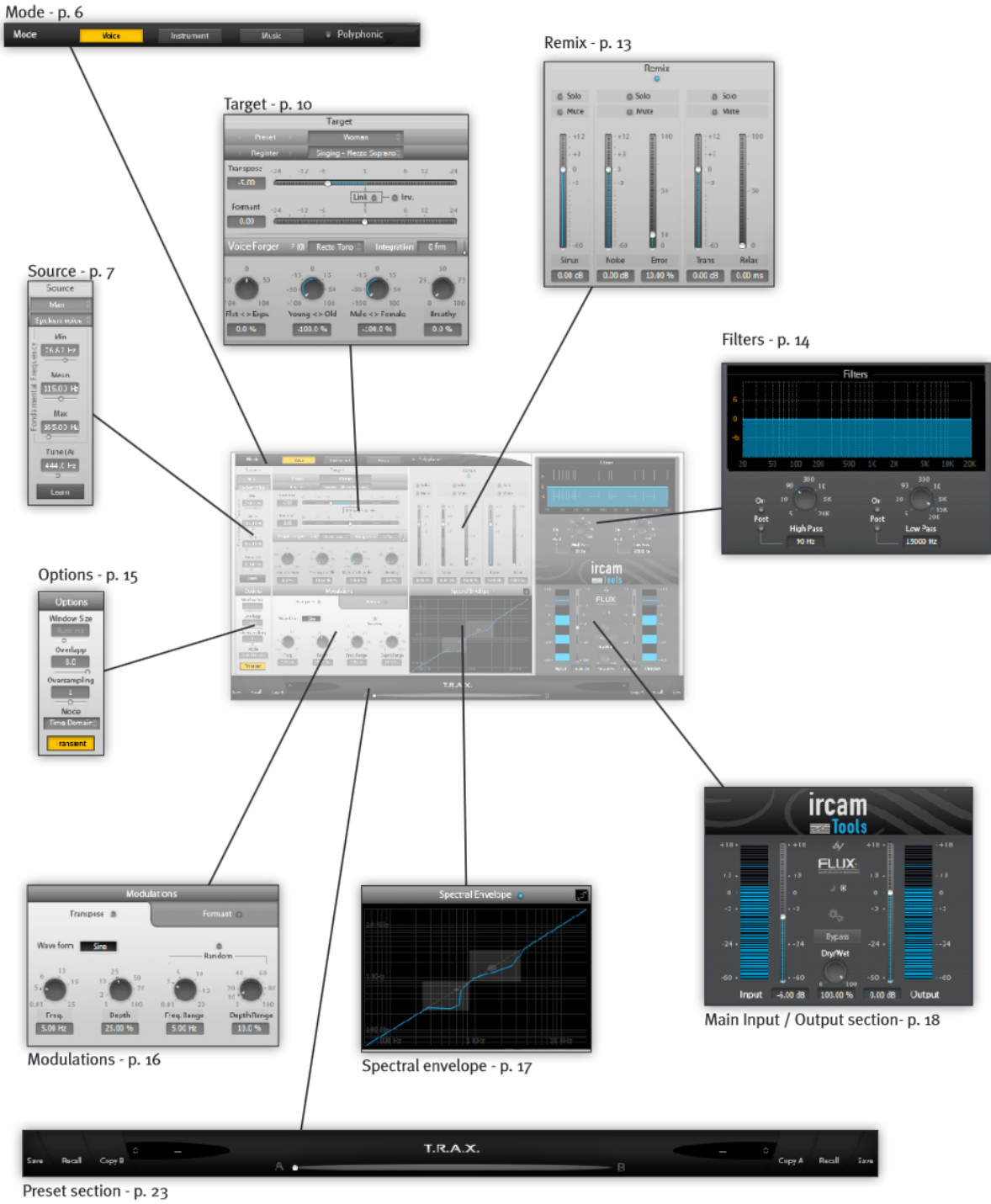


# T.R.A.X.

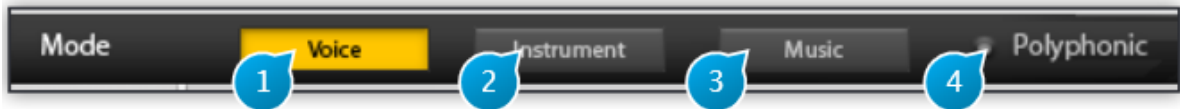
Real-time Voice and Sonic Modeling Processor



# Part I



## 2 Mode



The Mode selection buttons puts the plug-in into the one of three modes, each best suited for one of three different types of audio material: Voice, Instrument and Music, which are explained in detailed below.

Mode serves as a starting point upon which to base more precise tweaking to achieve the desired result. It selects the type of algorithm used internally by the plug-in, initializes source settings with all-round usage values, amongst other things.

Selecting the right mode for your material should be the first step you perform before doing any further editing.

### **i** Note

Please note that the algorithms used to process the signal are very different for the three modes, so setting the right mode here is crucial to proper operation, and failing to so would heavily compromise the quality and accuracy of the audible result.

In some cases however, for example if you're crafting special effects for sound design, are interested in deliberately emphasizing artifacts or maybe creating distorted robotic voices, well of course, nothing should stop you from trying even the most weird and technically absurd combinations, your imagination and taste is the limit!

### 2.1 (1) Voice

Voice Mode is specifically targeted at voice processing, be it spoken word or sung material. By default, the Polyphonic option is disabled in this mode, as a monophonic voice (one speaker or singer) is the most common case. If you're dealing with a choir or harmonized voice, you should enable the polyphonic setting - but not when processing double-tracked vocals.

## 2.2 (2) Instrument

Instrument Mode should be used when dealing with any kind of material other than vocals, whether this originates from an acoustic, analog or digital source recording, as long as it originates from an instrument that is playing individual pitched notes. Polyphonic is disabled by default in this mode, and should only be enabled with a true polyphonic recording, such as a guitar or piano playing chords or a melody accompanied by a bass line. A mix of two different instruments, each playing an independent monophonic line, does not fall into this case, as it involves two different timbres, and the Music mode should therefore be used instead.

## 2.3 (3) Music

Music Mode should only be used for treating a full mix, that is material consisting of several instruments playing. In this mode, the Polyphonic option is enabled and locked, and processing is restricted to a global transposition, so the plug-in operates as a high-quality pitch-shift unit.

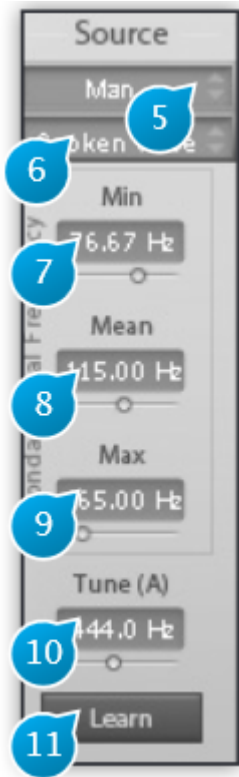
## 2.4 (4) Polyphonic

When enabled, the Polyphonic option disables some functions such as the pitch-tracking module. Pitch-tracking and extraction of overlapping notes in a reliable and artifact-free manner is currently extremely difficult to achieve and generally requires advanced user interaction.

Here monophonic means one-note at a time, and not monaural (single channel). The plug-in itself can naturally process any channel configuration, be it mono, stereo, as well as surround recordings. The mono sum of all input channels is used for the detection.

Sometimes it is not so straightforward to decide whether the source is monophonic or not, as in the case of a complex electronic sound texture, or if a monophonic part is drenched in echo and reverberation, leading to notes that overlap in time a lot. In this case you should also try the Music setting and let your ears decide which is best.

### 3 Source



The source panel settings are critical in obtaining a good and natural sounding result, should the latter be your objective, so you should always ensure to get these right before attempting any actual transformation of the audio content. The Source description is used to derive some fundamental processing parameters that are essential for high quality sound analysis and processing.

The source signal will be split into three distinct components: \* Pitched content \* Noise \* Transients or onsets

And moreover 2 sets of descriptors are extracted:

- The fundamental frequency and its variation over time
- The formant and resonator characteristics

Based on these analysis the subsequent transformations will be performed.

This analysis being a very sophisticated process is based on decades of research made at IRCAM.

The analysis make uses of a little prior information about the source material, namely the range within which the fundamental frequency of the audio is known to vary. This range can be defined in three ways, using high-level to low-level parameter manipulation: \* using named presets \* using learn mode \* manually fine-tuning low-level settings

### **3.1 (5) Source Preset**

This setting, only relevant to voice mode, should match the recorded singer's or speaker's age and gender.

Available presets: \* Man \* Woman \* Young Man \* Young Woman \* Boy \* Girl

### **3.2 (6) Source Registers**

The source register setting is only relevant to voice and instrument modes, and should match the source material register as closely as possible.

#### **3.2.1 Available presets in Voice mode:**

The following list of registers is available in Voice mode \* Spoken Voice \* Singing Bass \* Singing Baritone \* Singing Tenor \* Singing Counter Tenor \* Singing Contralto \* Singing Mezzo Soprano \* Singing Soprano

The selection of spoken and singing registers changes not only the analysis parameters but also the transformation algorithms that are linked to high level target controls. Transforming Man into Woman with Spoken voice will affect formant structure and pitch, while transforming Man Singing Tenor into Woman Singing tenor will only affect the formant structure.

#### **3.2.2 Instrument mode:**

The following list of registers is available in Instrument mode. If you do not know the register of the source, you can resort to manual tuning of the fundamental frequency, and refer to the chart below \* Undefined. Default, general setting \* Bass \* Baritone \* Tenor \* Counter Tenor \* Contralto \* Mezzo Soprano \* Soprano

### **3.3 (7) F0 Min**

This low-level parameter defines the minimum of the allowed variation range for the source fundamental frequency. When doing manual adjustments, this frequency should roughly be set to that of the lowest note expected in your source material. This parameter determines the window size for monophonic material. Setting it too low may introduce reverberation artifacts, may prevent the detection of fast onsets, and moreover, may introduce pitch detection errors. Setting it too high will create artifacts in low pitch notes and may as well lead to fundamental frequency estimation error.

### **3.4 (8) F0 Mean**

This low-level parameter sets the expected average fundamental frequency. You can tune this by ear or determine it precisely using the frequency corresponding to the note most often played, for example, or the root key of the song if you know it. This value is used mainly for the ambitus control in recto tono mode.

### **3.5 (9) F0 Max**

Maximum of the allowed variation range for the source fundamental frequency.

### **3.6 (10) Tune (A)**

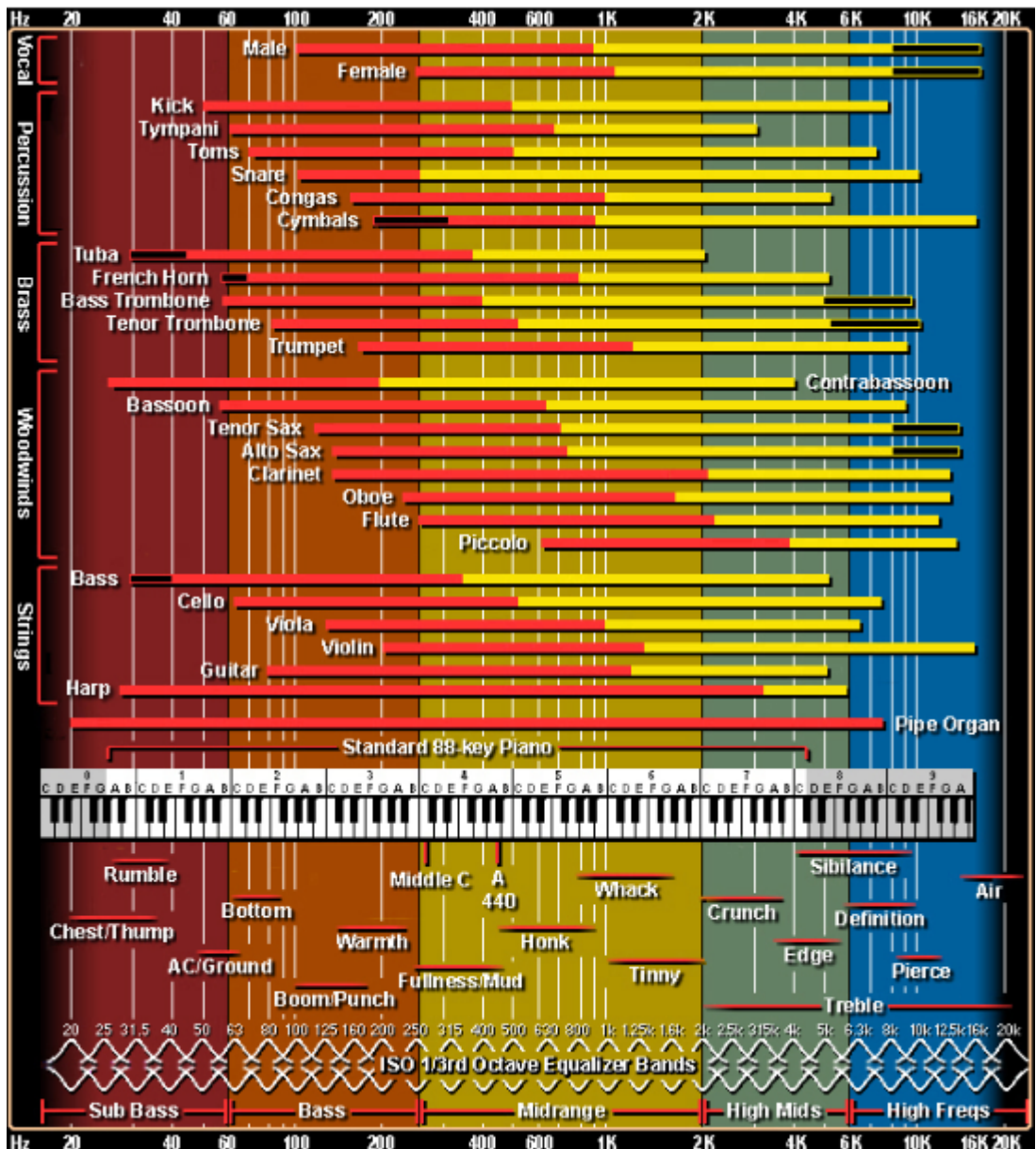
Sets the actual reference tuning used in the source material, which is defined as the frequency of A4 in Hertz. The default value is 440Hz, which matches the standard concert tuning almost always used nowadays.

This frequency will be used as the reference for transposition; you should therefore adjust it accordingly if your instrument is tuned in a non-standard way, or working with a recording of unknown origin.

### **3.7 (11) Learn**

The Learn button, when engaged, puts the plug-in into fundamental frequency parameter learn mode, wherein the incoming audio is analyzed to refine F0 min, mean and max values. The learn mode is linked to the presets and can be used only to refine preset parameters. It will not work if the selected preset does not match the audio.





(c) [http://www.independentrecording.net/irn/resources/freqchart/main\\_display.htm](http://www.independentrecording.net/irn/resources/freqchart/main_display.htm)

## 4 Target

For spoken voice it is good practice to playback between 5 to 15 seconds of any new audio material with Learn engaged to let the plug-in adapt to the specifics of the audio material. For singing voice or instrument sounds it is essential that the audio segment that is used covers the complete pitch range that will be processed. Otherwise the internal parameter settings will not achieve optimum quality for the transformation.

### Warning

Do not forget to switch off learn mode when doing the actual processing, or you may encounter strange behavior!

Now that you have set the source parameters, here comes the fun part: transforming the source material, according to target parameters. T.R.A.X. allows for a large palette of transformations such as: \* Pristine quality up and down pitch-shifting, preserving formant and transient integrity \* Re-tuning the material to a fixed-pitch, a given musical scale, etc. \* Altering perceived gender, age, etc. \* Special effects for sound design and such



In all of these contexts, unwanted artifacts are kept to a minimum and the natural quality and timbre of voices and instruments are preserved, thanks to the innovative analysis algorithms used.

**i** Note

Please note, however, that in the case of extreme transformations, the perceived quality of the voice might degrade. We strongly believe this not due to a flaw or a limitation of the algorithms, but more to the fact that the human brain is extremely well trained and sensitive to the perception of voice, with all its intricacies. In other a words, please do not reasonably expect a computer to turn an amateur singer into a seasoned Opera pro or your 5-year old son into the 8 o'clock veteran news presenter. This would involve something much more complex than pitch and formant modification, such as prosody, and some understanding of the meaning of the underlying words or musical emotion conveyed.

## 4.1 (12) Target Preset

Only available in Voice Mode, the Target Presets cover a selection of gender and age combinations. Available presets

- Man
- Woman
- Young Man
- Young Woman
- Boy
- Girl

## 4.2 (13) Target Register

Available in Voice and Instrument Mode, the Target Register presets allow to change the register of the material. Ensure source and target registers match if you want to preserve register.

Register is locked to spoken voice when the source is defined as a spoken voice also, as in this case there is no “melody” for the target voice to follow.

### 4.2.1 Registers available in Voice mode:

- Spoken Voice
- Singing Bass
- Singing Baritone
- Singing Tenor
- Singing Counter Tenor
- Singing Contralto
- Singing Mezzo Soprano
- Singing Soprano

### 4.2.2 Registers available in instrument mode:

- Undefined. Only choice available if “Undefined” is selected as Source register.
- Bass
- Baritone
- Tenor
- Counter Tenor
- Contralto

- Mezzo Soprano
- Soprano

### **4.3 (14) Transpose**

Applies a global transposition, also known as pitch-shift to the incoming audio, expressed in semi-tones. This affects the pitched content only, preserving formant and transient content for the most natural result. An octave shift corresponds to a Transpose factor of 12 semitones.

### **4.4 (15) Formant**

Applies a global frequency-shift of the formant content, independently of pitched and transient content.

### **4.5 (16) Link**

When engaged, the Formant shift factor is locked onto the transpose factor value, and only the Transpose slider can be moved.

### **4.6 (17) Inv.**

When the inverse button is engaged, the Formant shift amount follows the Transpose factor, in inverse fashion, i.e. formants are shifted by an amount opposite of the pitch.

### **4.7 (18) Voice Forger Target F(0)**

The VoiceForger sub-section is used for more sophisticated pitch and formant transformations.

Here the incoming source characteristics extracted by the detection stage are used as input to a series of modifiers. The first possible modifier, F(0), changes the fundamental frequency of incoming notes, “squeezing” them back into a series of reference target intervals, defined by the modes which we explain below, with the Flat<->Expr. controlling the “tightness” of this “squeeze”.

This can be used to correct a less than perfect take, impart a robotic character to a voice, make an instrument sound like a synthesizer, etc.

- **Recto Tono**  
Modifies the pitch with regard to the reference mean F0 as defined in the Source parameters, by an amount specified by the Flat<>Expr (FE) control. With FE set to -100% (Flat), no pitch variation remains in the processed sound, which gives a completely monotonous voice, reminiscent of early voice synthesizers.
- **Recto Tono (Tuned)**  
Same as above, but taking into account the source tuning.
- **Chromatic**  
Brings back the pitch of the notes towards a chromatic, equal-temperament scale.
- **Mode 1 tr 1 (tone)**  
Attracts pitch towards the closest note on a succession of full-tone (2 half-tones) intervals.
- **Mode 1 tr 2 (tone)**  
Same as above, transposed 1 semitone above root key.
- **Mode 2 tr 1 (tone, semi tone)**  
Works on a succession of intervals made up of groups of a full-tone followed by a semi-tone.
- **Mode 2 tr 2 (tone, semi tone)**  
Same as above, first interval is a semi-tone.
- **Mode 2 tr 3 (tone, semi tone)**  
Same as above, first interval is a tone.

## 4.8 (19) Integration

This controls smoothing of the time-variations of the fundamental frequency. Increasing it will therefore give more progressive note-to-note transitions, for a more “legato” playing type of feel.

## 4.9 (20) Flat <-> Expr. (Voice and Instrument Mode only)

The Flat <-> Expression knob defines the amount of pitch correction taking place. When set to “Flat” (-100%), this controls how close towards the target reference notes (single note for Recto Tono, chromatic scale, etc.) the fundamental frequency is pulled. Conversely, when set to “Expr.”, it exaggerates the pitch differences with respect from the target reference notes. As you expect, a 0% expression setting leaves the pitch unaffected by this section.

#### **4.10 (21) Young <-> Old (Voice Mode only)**

This high-level control gradually alters the perceived age of a voice, either sung or spoken.

#### **4.11 (22) Male <-> Female (Voice Mode only)**

This high-level control gradually alters the perceived gender of a voice, either sung or spoken.

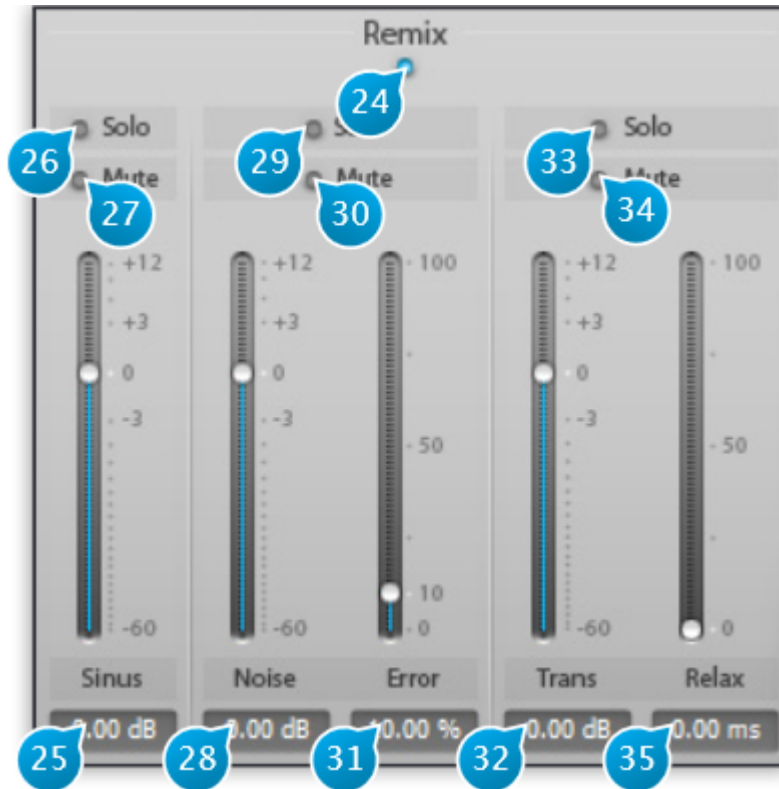
#### **4.12 (23) Breathy (Voice and Instrument Mode only)**

Increase the “breathiness” of a voice, or an instrument, making it whisper.

Increasing this close to 100% will give you that chain-smoker voice timbre, ala Don Corleone in the Godfather, without the risks and costs involved. You can also use this with a wind instrument to accentuate the breathing sound which gives so much character to a performance.

This panel acts as a mini-mixing console where the various components of the audio are sent to and summed-back to the output. It allows for further tweaking of the final result and isolation of each part of the sound, and one can also use this to achieve special effects.

## 5 Remix



### 5.1 (24) Remix On / Off

Toggles the Remix console in and out of the signal path.

When disengaged, all signals are simply summed back with equal gain, and the processing does remain active.



## **5.2 (25) Sinus**

This channel contains the sinusoidal components of the source sound, with or without modification depending on target, modulation and spectral envelope settings.

Sinusoidal components represent the regular part of the sound, e.g, the pitched part of musical instruments or the long resonances of cymbal and bells

## **5.3 (26) Sinus Solo**

Isolates the Sinus Channel.

## **5.4 (27) Sinus Mute**

Mutes the Sinus Channel.

## **5.5 (28) Noise**

Contains the noise part of the material, i.e. anything that doesn't have a defined pitch and does not possess a transient quality.

## **5.6 (29) Noise Solo**

Isolates the Noise Channel.

## **5.7 (30) Noise Mute**

Mutes the Noise Channel.

## **5.8 (31) Noise error**

Sets the amount of allowed error, in terms of statistical content, at the analyzer stage. This controls how the pitched and noise content are allowed to overlap. Most of the time you can leave this at the default value of 10%.

## **5.9 (32) Transient**

Contains the transient part of the material, which has a rapidly changing energy profile. In other words, this is the attack or percussive phase of a sound, if any. Please note Transients are only computed when the Transient button is enable in the Options panel (See 47).

### **5.10 (33) Transient Solo**

Isolates the Transient Channel.

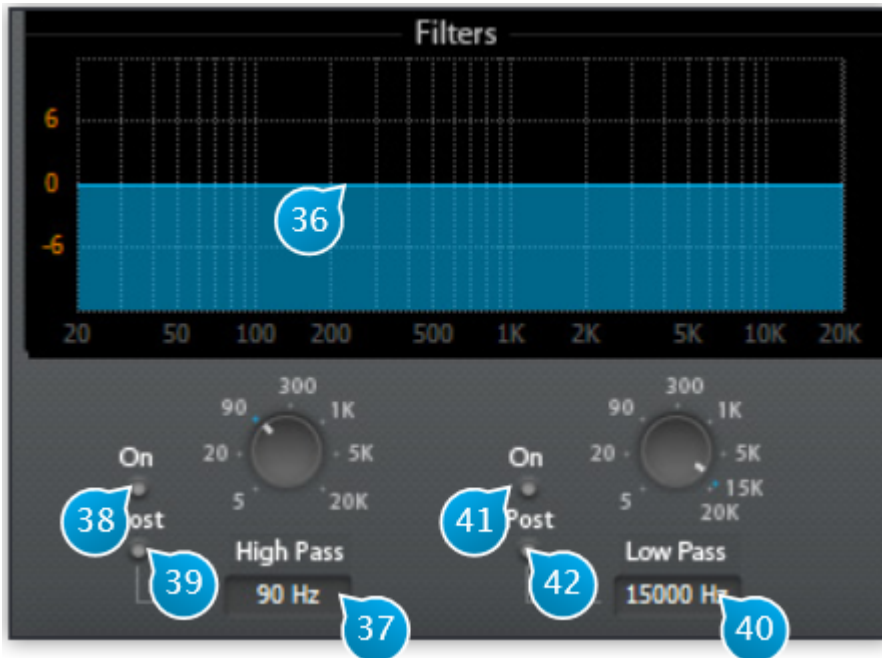
### **5.11 (34) Transient Mute**

Mutes the Transient Channel.

### **5.12 (35) Transient relax**

Increasing this above the 0ms default setting allows to relax the transient detection scheme by the given amount, to let more of the tail of a transient pass through. The effect is similar to that of the release control found on a compressor A two-band filter section that can be applied on the incoming or outgoing material, depending on the Post setting.

## 6 Filters



### 6.1 (36) Filter Curve

The filter curve displays the overall frequency response of the filter section.

### 6.2 (37) High Pass

Inserts a 6dB/octave high pass filter in the signal chain.

### 6.3 (38) High Pass On

Toggles the High Pass Filter in and out.

## **6.4 (39) Post High Pass**

Determines whether the filter acts on the input or output signal. When off, which is the default setting, the corresponding frequencies are filtered out prior to analysis and transformation, which can be used to prevent possible tracking errors induced by any excessive rumble or mains interference picked up during recording. If you only want to equalize the signal, enable Post to circumvent this behaviour.

## **6.5 (40) Low Pass**

Inserts a 6dB/octave low pass filter in the signal chain.

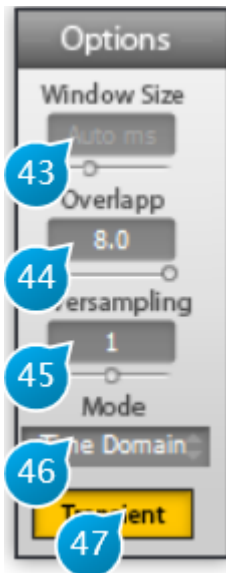
## **6.6 (41) Low Pass On**

Toggles the Low Pass Filter in and out.

## **6.7 (42) Post Low Pass**

See 39.

## 7 Options



The options panel controls a number of parameters affecting the analysis-re-synthesis engine. The default settings should prove adequate as a starting basis.

### 7.1 (43) Window Size (Music Mode only)

Computed automatically in Voice and Instrument mode, the window size is set manually in Music mode. The window size determines the time frame base used to extract time-localized data in time from the incoming material. As general guidance, window size should be small for fast tempos and larger for slow music.

### 7.2 (44) Overlap

This determines how much extraction windows overlap during a given time-frame, in other terms, the update rate of the analysis for a given window size. Increasing this setting usually gives better results but also leads to more CPU resources being used, as more data has to be

analyzed. The default setting of 4 is a good trade-off, but you can increase provided you have a reasonably fast machine and hear a noticeable difference.

### **7.3 (45) Oversampling**

Oversampling effects the sampling of the spectral representation of the source material. The quality difference achieved with oversampling is mostly noticeable with complex material with a broad frequency spectrum such as a full mix or an instrument such as the piano, but as the performance hit is quite high, you should only enable it if necessary, and if your hardware is sufficiently fast to handle the extra processing demands.

### **7.4 (46) Mode**

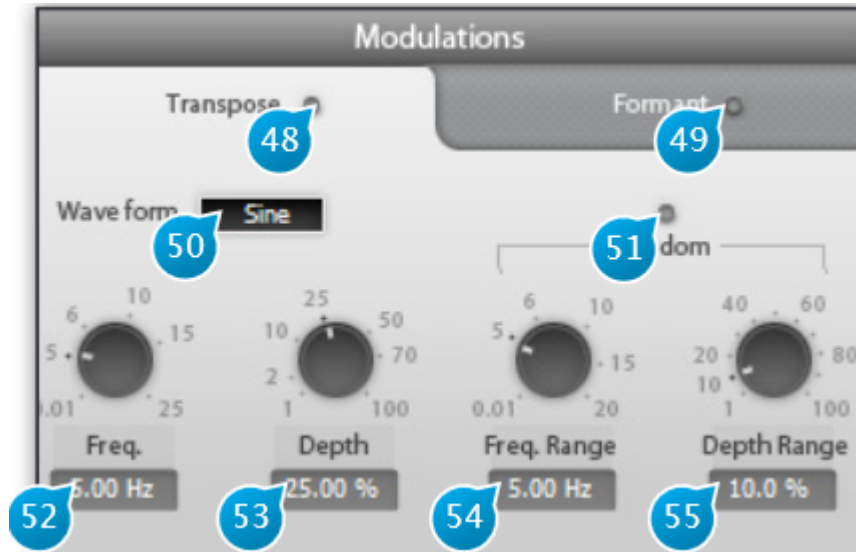
Sets the internal analysis/re-synthesis engine type to use.

- Auto: default setting, selects best setting for lowest CPU utilization and best quality depending on the value of transformation parameters
- Frequency domain: lowest CPU utilization, performs best when pitching up
- Time-domain: highest quality and CPU utilization

### **7.5 (47) Transient**

Toggles transient processing on (default setting) and off. You can disable transient processing if you don't need to treat transient separately, which will allow you to gain a little CPU. In this case however you will naturally not be able to control the transient level independently of other content.

## 8 Modulation



The Modulation panel allows for some additional modification of the material's pitch and formants.

### 8.1 (48) Transpose

Toggles pitch modulation on and off. This is akin to a LFO on an analog synthesizer, except with this you can apply it to any kind of material. You can easily achieve wild results here and go overboard if you're not careful, so it is advised to toggle this switch on and off quite often when doing adjustments to check you're not overdoing the effect.

### 8.2 (49) Formant On/Off

Toggles formant modulation on and off.

### **8.3 (50) Waveform**

Three classic modulation waveforms are available:

- Sine
- Triangle
- Sawtooth

Deciding which is best is really a matter of taste and depends entirely on the incoming material.

### **8.4 (51) Random**

As the name implies, this adds some random amount to the modulation, which is great to make pitch variations seem less obvious and predictable.

### **8.5 (52) Freq.**

Modulation Frequency in Hertz (Hz). The faster this setting, the faster the pitch and/or wobble. Can be used to make a voice quaver at a few Hz, do whammy effects popular with electric guitar players, simulate an old warped record, but be warned this can induce seasickness if used without restraint.

### **8.6 (53) Depth**

Depth of the modulation, in percent. Determines the amount of rise and fall of the pitch and/or formants. Go for a value around or below the default 25% unless you're looking for extreme results.

### **8.7 (54) Freq. Range**

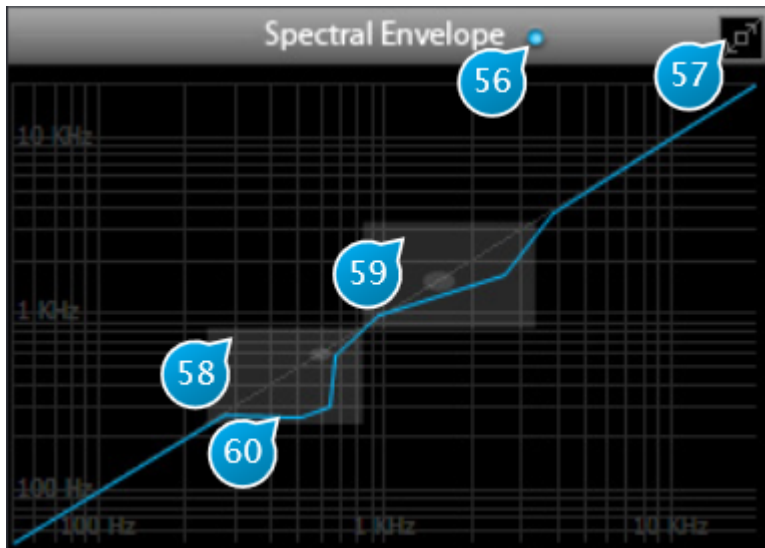
When the Random button is on, this sets the extent of the random variations around the modulator base frequency.



## 8.8 (55) Depth Range

Determines the amount of randomization applied. Setting this to 100% gives completely random modulation, going towards 0% makes the modulator resemble more to the original waveform.

## 9 Spectral Envelope



The Spectral Envelope allows for complex remapping of the spectrum envelope, according to a freely definable curve. At startup, the spectral envelope is a diagonal line, giving a 1:1 remapping of the spectrum, i.e. no modification.

### 9.1 (56) Spectral Envelope

Toggles Spectral Envelope processing on and off.

### 9.2 (57) Full Size Display

Toggles the size of the Spectral Envelope editor, for detailed editing.

### 9.3 (58) First formant region

The first transparent gray square indicates the region of the first formant (200...800Hz) for an average human voice, which corresponds to the first resonance of the vocal tract, and the gray disks to the average peak resonance location (500Hz). Alongside with the second formant, this is the area that has the most influence when processing voice.

### 9.4 (59) Second formant region

Second formant, ranging from 600 to 2.8kHz, peaking at 1.5kHz.

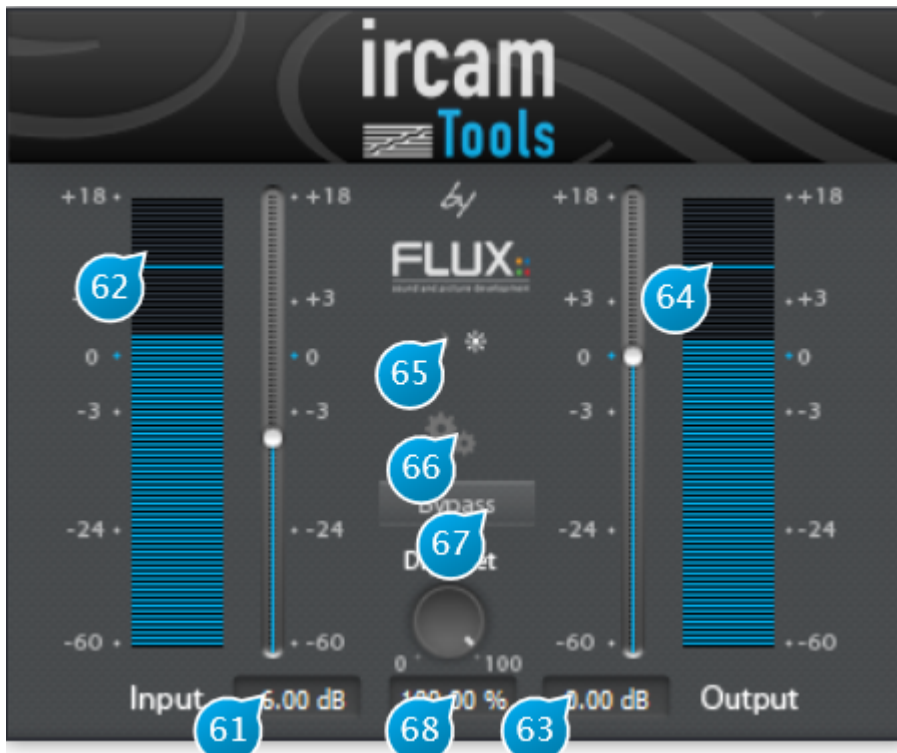
### 9.5 (60) Spectral Envelope Curve

The curve defines how the input spectrum frequencies, on the horizontal axis, are remapped (transposed) on the vertical axis.

Defining and modifying the curve is done by manipulating line segments using the following methods

- Double-click and drag on the diagonal blue line to add and place a control point
- Click and drag an existing point to move it
- Alt-click an existing point to snap it back to the diagonal line
- Ctrl-click (MacOS: Apple/Command + click) an existing point to constrain its movement and prevent it to go past or beyond its immediate neighbors, which is useful when doing fine adjustments with a lot of points close to each other.

## 10 Main Input - Output Section



### 10.1 (61) Input Level

Adjusts the level of the signal fed to the plug-in, in dB increments.

### 10.2 (62) Input level-meter

Shows the current peak level of the input signal after applying input gain, in RMS, with reference at -18 dB FS.

### **10.3 (63) Output Level**

Used to trim the output signal and possibly avoid any overloading of the signal in the rest of the signal-chain.

### **10.4 (64) Output level-meter**

Shows the current peak level of the input signal after applying output gain, in RMS, with reference at -18 dB FS.

### **10.5 (65) Day - Night**

Toggles between two interface schemes, which, as the name implies, are best suited to high or low light environments respectively. In a dimly-lit studio environment, switching to the nighttime scheme with its darker color palette and lower contrast helps to minimize eye-fatigue when doing long sessions.

### **10.6 (67) Bypass**

Bypasses the plug-in processing by routing the input direct to the output. The actual processing is still performed in the background allowing for a true and smooth transition between the processed and the actual incoming signal.

### **10.7 (68) Dry/Wet**

When used as insert effect, one can dial the right amount of “wet”, processed signal with respect to the “dry”, direct input signal.

The default 100-percent wet setting is mostly intended for the typical and preferred use in a send-effect configuration. You can get some interesting chorus and harmonizer type effects if you blend the dry and wet signals.

## Part II

# Cross Synthesis & Source Filter Tools



## Introduction:

These plugins can only operate in a fixed 2 input - 2 output channel configuration only at the time of this writing. The plugin treats the stereo input as a dual mono input, and the two channels stereo output are identical. You will most likely want to use two separate DAW channels to be processed. The most convenient way to achieve this is to create a dedicated buss, with the plugin as an insert, and two separate direct sends from each source channels to this buss, panned hard right and left. You should probably also bring the corresponding channel faders all the way down and set the send as “pre-fader” to hear the result of the processed signal only.

# 11 Cross Synthesis



## 11.1 (69) Oversampling

Adjusts the spectral domain oversampling factor, set to zero (none) by default. Increasing this setting can increase the processing the processing quality, depending on the audio material, although at the expense of higher CPU usage, which roughly doubles for every increment.

## 11.2 (70) Overlapp

This determines how much extraction windows overlap during a given time-frame, or in other terms, how often the analysis is updated for a given window size. Increasing this setting usually gives better results but also leads to more CPU resources being used, as more data has to be analyzed. The default setting of 4 is a good trade-off, but you can increase provided you have a reasonably fast machine and hear a noticeable difference.



## 11.3 (71) Window Size

Window size determines the time-frame base used to extract time-localized data in time from the incoming material. It is the most important parameter for all spectral domain signal transformations. It affects the capability of the algorithm to detect and identify the individual components of the signal (sinusoids, noise and transients/onsets) and to treat them independently. As general guidance, window size should be small for fast tempos and larger for slow music and at the same time larger for spectrally dense or low pitched sounds and smaller for spectrally sparse or high pitched sounds. In some cases, e.g. fast orchestral passages (that are spectrally dense and at the same time fast) the spectral and temporal characteristics ask for different windows sizes. In these cases finding the optimal window size requires some experimentation with different settings.

## 11.4 (72) Transient

For the T.R.A.X. Cross Synthesis plug-in, toggles transient processing on and off.

## 11.5 Amplitude:

This sub-panel determines how the output amplitude is affected by the left and right channels.

### 11.5.1 (73) Amplitude Left

Sets the percentage of the left channel used to derive the output amplitude.

### 11.5.2 (74) Amplitude Right

Sets the percentage of the right channel used to derive the output amplitude.

### 11.5.3 (75) Amplitude Link

Links left and right channel amplitude controls in inverse fashion, which gives a kind of panning control.

### **11.5.4 (76) Product**

Determines the amount of the product of the amplitudes of both channels that will be mixed into the output amplitude.

### **11.5.5 (77) Power**

Exponent of the power law that is applied to the amplitude product. Default value of 0.5 corresponds to a square root, which produces the geometric mean of the amplitudes of both channels and is the setting that best preserves the signal power of the product amplitude spectrum when compared to the original input amplitude spectra. Smaller values of the power control will equalize low and high amplitude components while larger values will amplify the differences in the amplitude spectrum (amplifying spectral components in locations that are strong in both input spectra and suppressing spectral components that are weak in either or both input spectra).

## **11.6 Frequency :**

This sub-panel determines the frequency content of the output with respect to the inputs.

### **11.6.1 (78) Frequency Left**

Sets the percentage of the left channel used to derive the output frequency spectrum.

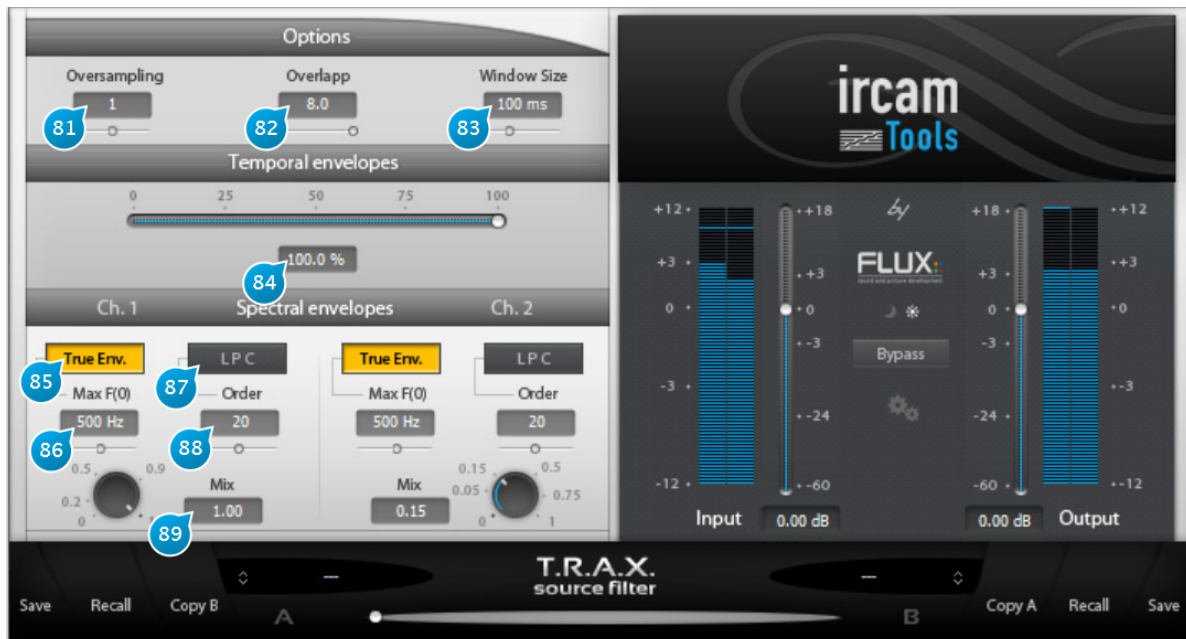
### **11.6.2 (79) Frequency Link**

Controls the gain applied to the dynamic processing input. This setting may affect the dynamics signal detection.

### **11.6.3 (80) Frequency Right**

Sets the percentage of the right channel used to derive the output frequency spectrum.

## 12 Source Filter



The Source Filter is an advanced type of vocoder to morph the spectrum and dynamics of one signal into another.

The plugin relies on a source-filter model of sound to gradually combine a source track and a filter track into the output, by gradually mixing their dynamics, i.e. time envelope or signal level contour, and spectrum, i.e. the structure of amplitudes versus frequency.

The source-filter model fits the physical description of human voice production quite well, with the source being the vocal cords and the filter the vocal tract. Some instruments fit this rough description too. For example, for the clarinet, the source would be the reed and the filter the instrument cavity. Simple analog synthesizers also use the source-filter paradigm, in form of one or more frequency-controlled oscillators fed to various kinds of low-order filters.

### **i** Note

NB: Ch.1 corresponds to the left channel of your DAW track, Ch2 to the right one.

## 12.1 (81) Oversampling

Adjusts the oversampling factor, set to zero (none) by default. Increasing this setting can increase the processing the processing quality, depending on the audio material, although at the expense of higher CPU usage, which roughly doubles for every increment.

## 12.2 (82) Overlap

This determines how much extraction windows overlap during a given time-frame, or in other terms, how often the analysis is updated for a given window size. Increasing this setting usually gives better results but also leads to more CPU resources being used, as more data has to be analyzed. The default setting of 4 is a good trade-off, but you should try to go above this value if you have a reasonably fast machine and hear a noticeable difference.

## 12.3 (83) Window Size

Window size determines the time-frame base used to extract time-localized data from the incoming material. As general guidance, window size should be small for fast tempos and larger for slow music.

## 12.4 (84) Temporal envelopes

The slider controls the blend of dynamics between the two channels. In other words, this controls how much of channel 2's versus channel 1's dynamics will be imprinted onto the output signal.

## 12.5 (85) True Env.

Sets track analysis to True Envelope mode, an advanced proprietary IRCAM algorithm.

## 12.6 (86) Max F(0)

When True Envelope mode is selected, this sets the maximum allowed fundamental frequency to track, depending on the input material. Avoid setting this unnecessarily high as this might increase the possibility of tracking errors.

## **12.7 (87) LPC**

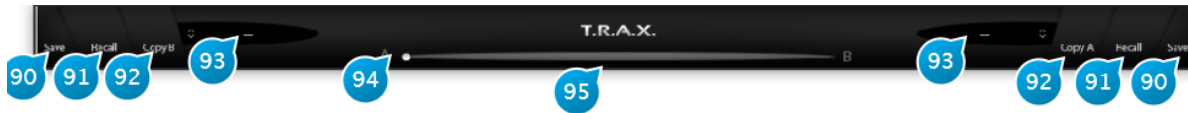
Sets track analysis to LPC (Linear Predictive Coding, for filter coefficients prediction) mode, which is a classic source-filter estimation method.

## **12.8 (88) Order**

Determines the order or number of coefficients used in the LPC prediction algorithm. The higher this setting, the better the LPC can adapt to the hills and valleys in the spectral envelope, but this also increases the chance of over-adapting to the short-term variations in the signal, which leads to artifacts.

## **12.9 (89) Mix**

# 13 Preset Section



## 13.1 (90) Save Preset

Saves a snapshot of the current settings for future use.

Short description and assorted comments can be provided, which comes in especially handy when sharing presets with other users, when the preset is part of a large preset bank, or to identify the author and source.

Entering a descriptive keyword is a good practice to be able to quickly sort your presets, according to character, the type of space they simulate (e.g. hall, room, etc.), and the intended usage (e.g. voice, percussion, guitar, etc.)

A preset can be locked to prevent any further editing.

To re-save your preset under a new name, open the preset manager by clicking the corresponding (A/B) preset slot, then select New, enter a name for your preset, and finally press Save.

## 13.2 (91) Recall Preset

Recall the settings from the currently selected preset, overwriting any current settings of the plug-in.

### **13.3 (92) Copy A-B**

Copy current settings to the other parameter slot (A to B or vice versa).

To try out a variation of the current settings without erasing the reference, press this button, switch to the other preset slot, and adjust your parameters of choice, then switch or morph between them.

When copying a preset to a slot, the morphing slider will automatically fly to the corresponding slot.

### **13.4 (93) Preset Name**

Displays the current preset name, if any. Clicking the associated button (up and down arrows) brings up the preset manager.

### **13.5 (94) A - B Morphing**

Gradually morphes parameters from A to B slots or vice versa.

The parameter set associated with the current morphing slider position can be saved as a preset. In addition, when the morphing slider is in an intermediary position, any edit made to a parameter switches the slider back to slot A or B, whichever is closest to the current position.

### **13.6 (95) Automation**

Enabling the Automation control switch makes the morphing slider exposed and available for automation read.

When engaged, keep in mind only the morphing slider value is used for automation, and other parameter values are ignored. This behavior is intended and necessary to prevent any parameter conflicts that would otherwise occur.

As a consequence of this, you need to make sure the Automation switch is engaged when mapping the morphing slider mapped to a control surface hardware knob or slider. On the opposite, when not engaged, the plug-in will listen for any parameter automation, except the morphing slider.

# 14 Presets Management

## 14.1 From the Plug-in interface

### 14.1.1 A-B Sections

A plug-in features two preset sections : A & B. Clicking on the slot of a specific section reaches the shared preset bank.

From the preset management window you can select the preset you want to recall in the specific preset section.

### 14.1.2 Save

Save replaces the selected preset by a new one under the same name featuring the current settings. If you want to keep an existing preset without your new modifications, just select an empty place into the preset list, enter a new name for this modified preset featuring the current settings and press Save.

### 14.1.3 Recall

Once a preset is selected from the preset list it must be explicitly loaded into the section A or the section B by using the recall button. A preset is effective only after it has been recalled. Double-clicking on the preset name from the list, reloads the preset into the selected slot.

### 14.1.4 AB Slider

This horizontal slider has no unity nor specific value display. It allows to morph current settings between two loaded presets. A double-click on one side of the slider area toggles between full A and full B settings. The results of an in between setting can be save as a new preset.

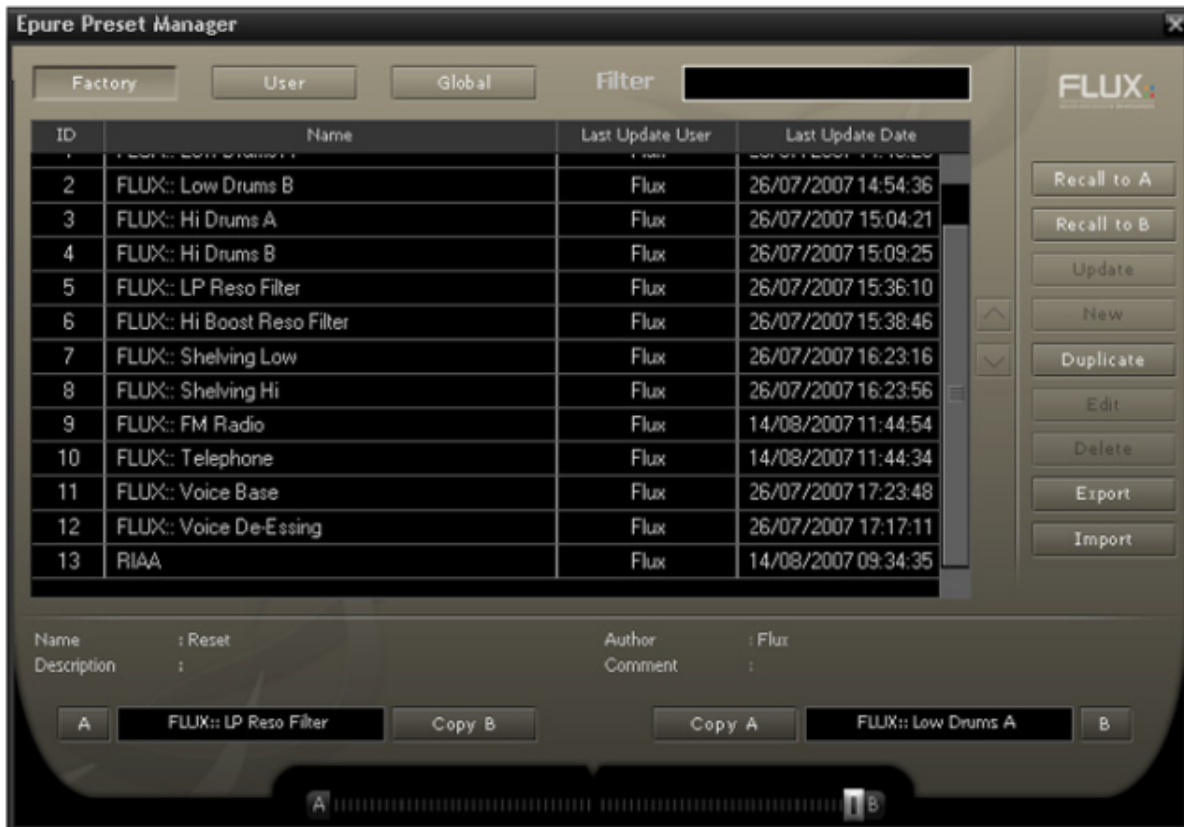


## 14.2 From the Preset Management Window

The Presets Management Window features three preset banks:

- The Factory bank gathers presets that can't be edited by users.
- The User bank is dedicated to the users presets.
- The Global bank features presets for A, B and morphing sections. A single global preset includes A and B section content and the morphing slider position.

A Preset can directly be recalled into the preset section selected by the morphing slider position, by double-clicking on its name on the list. The preset lists can be filtered. This filter is applied to any preset information such as name, description, author, comments or key words.



### 14.2.1 Recall A

recalls the selected preset into the corresponding section.

### **14.2.2 Recall B**

recalls the selected preset into the corresponding section.

### **14.2.3 Copy A and Copy B**

buttons allow to easily create a variation around a preset.

### **14.2.4 Update**

allows to save the current settings for the selected preset.

### **14.2.5 New**

creates a new preset in the list.

### **14.2.6 Duplicate**

creates a new preset in the list from the selected one.

### **14.2.7 Edit**

gives access to the specific windows which allows to change preset name, description, key words.....

### **14.2.8 Delete**

suppresses the selected preset.

### **14.2.9 Export**

creates a file reflecting the content of the preset bank.

### **14.2.10 Import**

adds existing presets into the preset bank.

### 14.2.11 Ordering arrows

orders the presets into the list.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Please Provide Preset Informations". It contains the following fields and values:

- Name: My Old Compressor
- Description: 4 ratio
- Comment: Bass
- Keyword: Electric bass, Kick
- Locked:

At the bottom of the dialog are "Ok" and "Cancel" buttons.

The preset protection if engaged, allows only its original modification author to uncheck and edit. So you can protect your presets in a multi-user configuration. Protected presets can only be modified using the session of their creator. If used in another user session they can only be imported or deleted.

# 15 Credits

## 15.1 Software development

### 15.1.1 Project Manager and Designer:

Gaël Martinet

### 15.1.2 Application Development:

Gaël Martinet, Alexis Gentil, Bastien Prevosto, Anthony Belard, Maxence Grandidier, Siegfried Hand and Antoine Lorence.

### 15.1.3 FLUX:: DSP Design and Development:

Gaël Martinet, Maxence Grandidier and Lorcan Mc Donagh

### 15.1.4 Graphic design:

Nicolas Philippot

### 15.1.5 FLUX:: Framework development:

Gaël Martinet, Florie-Anne Lafaye, Alexis Gentil, Lorcan Mc Donagh, Bastien Prevosto, Anthony Belard, Siegfried Hand and Antoine Lorence

**Additional contributions:** Vincent Carlier, Jean-Loup Pecquais, Nicolas Erard, Jean Cruypenynck, Pablo Arias, Samuel Tracol

### 15.1.6 FLUX:: Framework graphic engine:

Emmanuel Julien (GS lib) and Gaël Martinet

### 15.1.7 And

thanks to all fantastic testers...

### 15.1.8 FLUX:: Special Thanks to:

Alain, Yves, Bruno and Claude for helping to shape our minds over the years.

## 15.2 FLUX::

www.flux.audio Copyright 2024, Harman Professional, Inc. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.

## 15.3 Additional libs

- GS lib Emmanuel Julien, Gael Martinet (Copyright 2013 Emmanuel Julien)
- ThorVG, Copyright (c) 2020 - 2023 notice for the ThorVG Project (see AUTHORS)
- r8brain free - Copyright (c) 2013-2023 Aleksey Vaneev
- LibJpeg - Copyright (c) 1991-2016, Thomas G. Lane, Guido Vollbeding
- libpng :
  - Copyright (c) 1995-2023 The PNG Reference Library Authors.
  - Copyright (c) 2018-2023 Cosmin Truta.
  - Copyright (c) 2000-2002, 2004, 2006-2018 Glenn Randers-Pehrson.
  - Copyright (c) 1996-1997 Andreas Dilger.
  - Copyright (c) 1995-1996 Guy Eric Schalnat, Group 42, Inc.
- Freetype 2 - Copyright (c) 2006-2023 by David Turner, Robert Wilhelm, and Werner Lemberg.
- Zlib - Copyright (c) 1995-2022 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler
- bzip2 - Copyright (c) 1996-2010 Julian Seward [jseward@bzip.org](mailto:jseward@bzip.org)
- Boost - BSL-1.0
- ni-media - Copyright (c) 2022 Native Instruments
- pfft:
  - Copyright (c) 2004 the University Corporation for Atmospheric Research (“UCAR”)
  - Copyright (c) 2013 Julien Pommier ( [pommier@modartt.com](mailto:pommier@modartt.com) )
  - Copyright (c) 2019 Hayati Ayguen ( [h\\_ayguen@web.de](mailto:h_ayguen@web.de) )
  - Copyright (c) 2020 Dario Mambro ( [dario.mambro@gmail.com](mailto:dario.mambro@gmail.com) )
- pybind11 - Copyright (c) 2016 Wenzel Jakob [wenzel.jakob@epfl.ch](mailto:wenzel.jakob@epfl.ch)
- rtaudio - Copyright (c) 2001-2021 Gary P. Scavone

- rtmidi - Copyright (c) 2003-2021 Gary P. Scavone
- concurrentqueue - Copyright (c) 2013-2016, Cameron Desrochers.
- readerwriterqueue - Copyright (c) 2013-2021, Cameron Desrochers.
- assimp - Copyright (c) 2006-2021, assimp team
- enet - Copyright (c) 2002-2020 Lee Salzman
- fmt - Copyright (c) 2012 - present, Victor Zverovich and {fmt} contributors
- functions (Erik Rigtorp) - Copyright (c) 2015 Erik Rigtorp [erik@rigtorp.se](mailto:erik@rigtorp.se)
- inplace\_function - BSL-1.0
- gtest - Copyright 2008, Google Inc.
- jsoncpp - Copyright (c) 2007-2010 Baptiste Lepilleur and The JsonCpp Authors
- libcurl - Copyright (c) 1996 - 2023, Daniel Stenberg, [daniel@haxx.se](mailto:daniel@haxx.se), and many contributors
- magic\_enum - Copyright (c) 2019 - 2023 Daniil Goncharov
- nanobench - Copyright (c) 2019-2023 Martin Leitner-Ankerl
- nlohmann\_json - Copyright (c) 2013-2022 Niels Lohmann
- openddl - Copyright (c) 1999-2022 Eric Lengyel
- openvr - Copyright (c) 2015, Valve Corporation
- poly2tri - Copyright (c) 2009-2018, Poly2Tri Contributors
- pugixml - Copyright (c) 2006-2022 Arseny Kapoulkine
- rapidjson - Copyright (c) 2015 THL A29 Limited, a Tencent company, and Milo Yip.
- shared\_recursive\_mutex - Copyright (c) 2019 konanM
- sentry-native - Copyright (c) 2019 Sentry (<https://sentry.io>) and individual contributors.
- sqlite3 - Public Domain License
- sqlite\_orm - Copyright (c) 2012-2023 Eugene Zakharov and others
- stb - Copyright (c) 2017 Sean Barrett
- utfcpp - Copyright 2006 Nemanja Trifunovic
- unqlite - Copyright (c) 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 Symisc Systems, S.U.A.R.L [M.I.A.G + Mrad Chems Eddine [chm@symisc.net](mailto:chm@symisc.net)].

## 15.4 Open source libraries

### 15.4.1 RTTrPM SDK (Blacktraxx)

Copyright (c) 2019 CAST Group of Companies Inc

### 15.4.2 ThorVG (replaces crossed-out libraries above) - MIT

<https://github.com/thorvg/thorvg/blob/main/LICENSE> Copyright (c) 2020 - 2024 notice for the ThorVG Project (see AUTHORS) Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”),

to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions: The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software. THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE."

#### **15.4.3 r8brain free - MIT**

<https://github.com/avaneev/r8brain-free-src/blob/master/LICENSE>

#### **15.4.4 ooura fft from lmdsp - MIT (or MIT-like)**

<https://www.kurims.kyoto-u.ac.jp/~ooura/fft.html> Copyright Takuya OOURA, 1996-2001

#### **15.4.5 LibJpeg - Custom (BSD-like)**

<https://jpegclub.org/reference/> Copyright (C) 1991-2016, Thomas G. Lane, Guido Vollbeding

#### **15.4.6 libpng - PNG Reference Library License version 2**

<https://sourceforge.net/p/libpng/code/ci/master/tree/LICENSE> Copyright (c) 1995-2023 The PNG Reference Library Authors. Copyright (c) 2018-2023 Cosmin Truta. - Copyright (c) 2000-2002, 2004, 2006-2018 Glenn Randers-Pehrson. Copyright (c) 1996-1997 Andreas Dilger. Copyright (c) 1995-1996 Guy Eric Schalnat, Group 42, Inc.

#### **15.4.7 Freetype 2 - FreeType License**

<https://github.com/freetype/freetype/blob/master/LICENSE.TXT> Copyright (C) 2006-2023 by David Turner, Robert Wilhelm, and Werner Lemberg

### **15.4.8 Zlib - zlib**

[https://zlib.net/zlib\\_license.html](https://zlib.net/zlib_license.html) Copyright (C) 1995-2022 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler

### **15.4.9 bzip2 - Modified zlib**

Copyright (C) 1996-2010 Julian Seward [jseward@bzip.org](mailto:jseward@bzip.org)

### **15.4.10 Boost - BSL-1.0**

[https://github.com/boostorg/boost/blob/master/LICENSE\\_1\\_0.txt](https://github.com/boostorg/boost/blob/master/LICENSE_1_0.txt)

### **15.4.11 mimalloc - MIT**

<https://github.com/microsoft/mimalloc/blob/master/LICENSE>

### **15.4.12 ni-media - MIT**

<https://github.com/NativeInstruments/ni-media/blob/master/LICENSE>

### **15.4.13 pfft**

<https://github.com/marton78/pfft/blob/master/LICENSE.txt>

### **15.4.14 pybind11**

<https://github.com/pybind/pybind11/blob/master/LICENSE>

### **15.4.15 rtaudio**

<https://github.com/thestk/rtaudio/blob/master/LICENSE>

### **15.4.16 rtmidi**

<https://github.com/thestk/rtmidi/blob/master/LICENSE>



### 15.4.17 concurrentqueue - Simplified BSD

<https://github.com/cameron314/concurrentqueue/blob/master/LICENSE.md> copyright (c) 2013-2016, Cameron Desrochers. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS “AS IS” AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT HOLDER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES ; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS ; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.”

### 15.4.18 readerwriterqueue - Simplified BSD

<https://github.com/cameron314/readerwriterqueue/blob/master/LICENSE.md> Copyright (c) 2013-2021, Cameron Desrochers

All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS “AS IS” AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT HOLDER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES ; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS ; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.”

### **15.4.19 assimp**

<https://github.com/assimp/assimp/blob/master/LICENSE> Copyright (c) 2006-2021, assimp team All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use of this software in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- Neither the name of the assimp team, nor the names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission of the assimp team.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS “AS IS” AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT OWNER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES ; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS ; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.”

#### **15.4.20 enet - MIT**

<https://github.com/lsalzman/enet/blob/master/LICENSE>

#### **15.4.21 fmt**

<https://github.com/fmtlib/fmt/blob/master/LICENSE.rst> Copyright notice Copyright (c) 2012 - present, Victor Zverovich and {fmt} contributors

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

#### **15.4.22 functions (Erik Rigtorp) - MIT**

<https://github.com/rigtorp/Function/blob/master/LICENSE>

#### **15.4.23 inplace\_function - BSL-1.0**

#### **15.4.24 gtest - ” BSD 3-Clause “New” or “Revised” ”**

<https://github.com/google/googletest/blob/main/LICENSE>

### 15.4.25 jsoncpp - MIT

<https://github.com/open-source-parsers/jsoncpp/blob/master/LICENSE> Copyright (c) 2007-2010 Baptiste Lepilleur and The JsonCpp Authors

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

### 15.4.26 libcurl - MIT like

<https://curl.se/docs/copyright.html> Copyright (c) 1996 - 2024, Daniel Stenberg, daniel@haxx.se, and many contributors, see the THANKS file.

All rights reserved.

Permission to use, copy, modify, and distribute this software for any purpose with or without fee is hereby granted, provided that the above copyright notice and this permission notice appear in all copies.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY RIGHTS. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.

Except as contained in this notice, the name of a copyright holder shall not be used in advertising or otherwise to promote the sale, use or other dealings in this Software without prior written authorization of the copyright holder.”

### 15.4.27 magic\_enum - MIT

[https://github.com/Neargye/magic\\_enum/blob/master/LICENSE](https://github.com/Neargye/magic_enum/blob/master/LICENSE) Copyright (c) 2019 - 2024 Daniil Goncharov

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

### 15.4.28 nanobench - MIT

<https://github.com/martinus/nanobench/blob/master/LICENSE>) Copyright (c) 2019-2023 Martin Leitner-Ankerl

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

#### **15.4.29 nlohmann\_json - MIT**

<https://github.com/nlohmann/json/blob/develop/LICENSE.MIT> Copyright (c) 2013-2022 Niels Lohmann

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

#### **15.4.30 openddl - MIT**

<https://github.com/EricLengyel/OpenDDL/blob/main/LICENSE> Copyright (c) 1999-2022 Eric Lengyel

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

### 15.4.31 openvr - " BSD 3-Clause "New" or "Revised" "

<https://github.com/ValveSoftware/openvr/blob/master/LICENSE> Copyright (c) 2015, Valve Corporation All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
3. Neither the name of the copyright holder nor the names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT HOLDER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES - LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS ; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE."

### 15.4.32 poly2tri - " BSD 3-Clause "New" or "Revised" "

<https://github.com/jhasse/poly2tri/blob/master/LICENSE> Copyright (c) 2009-2018, Poly2Tri Contributors All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.

- Neither the name of Poly2Tri nor the names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS “AS IS” AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT OWNER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES ; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS ; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.”

### 15.4.33 pugixml - MIT

<https://github.com/zeux/pugixml/blob/master/LICENSE.md> Copyright (c) 2006-2024 Arseny Kapoulkine

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

### 15.4.34 rapidjson - MIT

<https://github.com/Tencent/rapidjson/blob/master/license.txt> - “Terms of the MIT License:

---



Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions: The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software. THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

#### **15.4.35 shared\_recursive\_mutex - MIT**

[https://github.com/KonanM/shared\\_recursive\\_mutex/blob/master/LICENSE](https://github.com/KonanM/shared_recursive_mutex/blob/master/LICENSE) Copyright (c) 2019 konanM

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

#### **15.4.36 sentry-native - MIT**

<https://github.com/getsentry/sentry-native/blob/master/LICENSE> Copyright (c) 2019 Sentry (<https://sentry.io>) and individual contributors. All rights reserved.

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

### **15.4.37 sqlite3 - Public Domain**

<https://www.sqlite.org/copyright.html>

### **15.4.38 sqlite\_orm - MIT**

[https://github.com/fnc12/sqlite\\_orm/blob/master/COMM-LICENSE](https://github.com/fnc12/sqlite_orm/blob/master/COMM-LICENSE) Copyright (c) 2012-2023 Eugene Zakharov and others

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

### 15.4.39 stb - MIT

<https://github.com/nothings/stb/blob/master/LICENSE> Copyright (c) 2017 Sean Barrett Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions: The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software. THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

### 15.4.40 utfcpp - BSL-1.0

<https://github.com/nemtrif/utfcpp/blob/master/LICENSE> “Boost Software License - Version 1.0 - August 17th, 2003

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person or organization obtaining a copy of the software and accompanying documentation covered by this license (the “Software”) to use, reproduce, display, distribute, execute, and transmit the Software, and to prepare derivative works of the Software, and to permit third-parties to whom the Software is furnished to do so, all subject to the following:

The copyright notices in the Software and this entire statement, including the above license grant, this restriction and the following disclaimer, must be included in all copies of the Software, in whole or in part, and all derivative works of the Software, unless such copies or derivative works are solely in the form of machine-executable object code generated by a source language processor.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, TITLE AND NON-INFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS OR ANYONE DISTRIBUTING THE SOFTWARE BE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

#### 15.4.41 unqlite - BSD 2-clause

<https://github.com/symisc/unqlite/blob/master/LICENSE> ” \* Copyright (C) 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 Symisc Systems, S.U.A.R.L [M.I.A.G Mrad Chems Eddine [chm@symisc.net](mailto:chm@symisc.net)]. \* All rights reserved. Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without \* modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions \* are met: \* 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright \* notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer. \* 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright \* notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the \* documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution. THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY SYMISC SYSTEMS “AS IS” AND ANY EXPRESS \* OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED \* WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR \* NON-INFRINGEMENT, ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL SYMISC SYSTEMS \* BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR \* CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF \* SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES ; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS - OR \* BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, \* WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE \* OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN \* IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.” 3rd Party Open Source Python Modules - - - -

#### 15.4.42 argh (Andrey Mikhaylenko) - LGPLv3

<https://pypi.org/project/argh/>

#### 15.4.43 chardet (Mark Pilgrim, Daniel Blanchard) - LGPL v2.1

<https://github.com/chardet/chardet/blob/main/LICENSE>

#### 15.4.44 charset\_normalizer - MIT

[https://github.com/Ousret/charset\\_normalizer/blob/master/LICENSE](https://github.com/Ousret/charset_normalizer/blob/master/LICENSE) Copyright (c) 2019 TAHRI Ahmed R.

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

#### **15.4.45 docopt (Vladimir Keleshev) - MIT**

<https://github.com/docopt/docopt/blob/master/LICENSE-MIT> Copyright (c) 2012 Vladimir Keleshev, [vladimir@keleshev.com](mailto:vladimir@keleshev.com)

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the “Software”), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED “AS IS”, WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.”

#### **15.4.46 dotenv - “BSD 3-Clause” “New” or “Revised”**

<https://github.com/theskumar/python-dotenv/blob/main/LICENSE> Copyright (c) 2014, Saurabh Kumar (python-dotenv), 2013, Ted Tieken (django-dotenv-rw), 2013, Jacob Kaplan-Moss (django-dotenv)

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.

- Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- Neither the name of django-dotenv nor the names of its contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS “AS IS” AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT OWNER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES ; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS ; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.”

# 16 Specifications

## 16.1 Availability

IRCAM Trax is available in:

AU / VST / VST3 / AAX Native/ *AAX AudioSuite*

*\* AAX Native & AAX AudioSuite in Pro Tools 11 and later*

## 16.2 Processing

EVO Touch provides :

- Up to 2 channels Input/Output in VST/VST3/AU/AAX.
- 64-bits internal floating point processing.
- Sampling rate up to 384 kHz.

## 16.3 Hardware Requirements

A graphic card fully supporting OpenGL 2.0 is required.

- macOS : OpenGL 2.0 required – Mac Pro 1.1 & Mac Pro 2.1 are not supported.
- Windows : If your computer has an ATi or NVidia graphics card, please assure the latest graphic drivers from the ATi or NVidia website are installed.

## 16.4 Software License Requirements

In order to use the software an iLok.com user account is required (the iLok USB Smart Key is not required).

## 16.5 Compatibility

All major native formats are supported

### 16.5.1 Windows – 10, in 64 bits only.

- VST (2.4)
- VST3 (3.1)
- AAX Native\*
- AAX AudioSuite\*

### 16.5.2 macOS (Intel and ARM)

All versions from Sierra (10.12) to latest. (Compatible with previous versions but not supported)

- VST (2.4)
- VST3 (3.1)
- AU
- AAX Native\*
- AAX AudioSuite\*

\* *AAX Native & AAX AudioSuite in Pro Tools 11 and later*



# A Release Notes

## A.1 Build 24.07.0.50393 - All plugins

### A.1.1 New Features

- VST3 automation state on UI

### A.1.2 Improvements

- EVO EQ - Dark mode update

### A.1.3 Bugs

- All plugins - VST3 - GUI freeze when reloading a session in Studio One
- All plugins - VST3 - Wrong parameters frequencies when reloading session at 44.1KHz
- All plugins - crash when loading a StudioOne session
- All plugins AAX - Crash protocols when using the protocols plugin preset manager on Windows
- EVO Channel/Touch and BS Pro - Presets have to be loaded twice to apply the filter values from the Touch section properly
- Elixir - Latency not properly compensated after changing stage parameters value in VST and AudioUnit
- Elixir - VST - May crash or bypass the audio when reloading a previous session in Nuendo
- Evo Channel - GUI issues on Geek panel
- Evo Channel/Evo EQ - Bad init on the lowpass filter cut off frequency
- HEar - Failed to load HRTF message in Logic until audio playback
- Verb and VerbSession - VST3 - Freeze during Steinberg TestHost on Windows

### A.1.4 Known Issues

#### Important

- All plugins - AU - Crash in Logic 10.5 on MacOS Mojave

- All plugins - AU - Sidechain not available
- All plugins - VST versions - GUI issue in Izotope Ozone and Davinci Resolve
- Elixir - VST3 - Elixir is not available as 32 channels (24 max) in Reaper
- HEar - AU - Crashes Ableton
- HEar - Do not work properly with Ambisonic streams
- Trax - Ran out of CPU error and playback issue in Protools
- Verb - AAX - Moving any temporal parameter mute audio and generate noisy artefacts
- Verb - HOA 3rd order not working properly

### Host Specific

- All plugins - VST2 - GUI cropped in TwistedWave
- All plugins - VST3 - Do not process the audio in TwistedWave
- EVO EQ - AAX-DSP - Not listed in DSP plugins list
- EVO Series - AAX DSP - No metering
- Evo Channel/Evo EQ - AudioUnit - LPF cut off frequency badly initialized when samplerate is 2FS or more
- StereoTool - AAX DSP - No metering

## A.2 Build 24.06.0.50386 - All plugins

### A.2.1 Improvements

- All plugins - Preset manager filter options updated
- All plugins - Preset recall button improved
- All plugins - Preset save button improved

### A.2.2 Bugs

- AAX - Preset manager - Default preset is not applied to parameters at plugin instantiation
- All plugins - AAX bad GUI recall with user scale x2 and display scale x2
- All plugins - AU - auval real time safety checks
- All plugins - All parameters are reset when reloading a session when using presets
- All plugins - GUI issue on Windows
- All plugins - GUI issue with Retina in FLStudio
- All plugins - Mouse wheel not working anymore on knobs
- All plugins - Parameters are reset when deactivating/reactivating the plugin in Protools
- All plugins - Parameters are reset when loading a session if a preset is used
- All plugins - Preset manager font issues
- All plugins - VST3 - Keys not working in Pyramix

- All plugins - VST3 - Meters not working in Adobe premiere Pro, Adobe audition, Isotope RX10 and Waves Studio Rack
- All plugins - VST3 - preset name back reset to default when loading a session
- All plugins - VST3 - Can't edit values using keyboard on Windows
- All plugins - mouse wheel + shift key increase controls value when scroll down
- All plugins - AAX - Crash protocols when using the protocols plugin preset manager on Windows
- All plugins - VST3 - crash plugin scan when OSC enabled in prefs
- EVO Channel - Dark mode display issue when closing/opening the plugin
- EVO Channel - custom preset does not load some parameters
- EVO In - Phase shift amount automation line display issue in Logic
- EVO Series - Display issues on some parameters values
- EVO Series - Missing controls text
- EVO Series - Save button from preset manager not working
- EVO Series - save/recall/copy A & B preset buttons from main window not working
- EVO Series - wrong RMS reference value initialisation
- Elixir 1-Stage - GUI broken
- EvoEq - very low noise generated when offline rendering (32bit FP)
- HEar - AudioUnit - Crashes validation in Logic
- Preset Manager - Refresh missing - Preset name still displayed as current preset after being deleted.
- Solera - VST3 on Windows - DExp tab selected as default
- StereoTool - Correlation phase meter is wrong when quality setting set at 60fps
- StudioSession Plugins - May fail to scan in logic
- StudioSession Plugins - loads without the limitations
- Trax - VST3 - Learn feature not working
- VST3 - Some plugins are blacklisted in Cubase 13 on Windows
- VST3 - Conformity report
- VST3 - Display quality (15/30/60Hz) always reverts to initialized value
- VST3 - Verb & VerbSession - Crash in VST3 test host unit test
- VST3 - presets slots values are not correctly recalled when a session is saved after using morphing
- Verb - AAX - Matrix not reloaded on atmos 9.1.4 tracks
- Verb - Does not load the saved multichannel layout
- Verb - Multichannel layout not automatically set in Logic
- Verb - When in High Density, the dry signal is output
- Verb Session - AAX - GUI issue in HiDPI on Windows

### **A.2.3 Known Issues**

#### **Important**

- All plugins - AU - Crash in Logic 10.5 on MacOS Mojave
- All plugins - VST2 - GUI cropped in TwistedWave
- All plugins - VST3 - Do not process the audio in TwistedWave
- All plugins VST versions- GUI issue in Izotope Ozone and Davinci Resolve
- Elixir - Latency not properly compensated after changing stage parameters value in VST and AudioUnit
- Elixir - Reaper - VST3 - Elixir is not available as 32 channels (24 max)
- Evo Channel/Evo EQ - All formats -Bad init on the lowpass filter cut off frequency
- HEar - AU - Crashes Ableton
- HEar - Do not work properly with Ambisonic streams
- HEar - Failed to load HRTF message in Logic until audio playback
- Trax - Ran out of CPU error and playback issue in Protools
- Verb - AAX - Moving any temporal parameter mute audio and generate noisy artefacts
- Verb - HOA 3rd order not working properly

## **A.3 Build 23.07.50310 - All plugins**

### **A.3.1 New features**

- Support Pro Tools new track formats

### **A.3.2 Bugs fixes**

- All plugins - Nuendo - VST3 - crash when stereo plugins are instantiated on multichannel tracks (StereoTools, ...)
- All plugins - Pace protected plugins fail to scan on Da Vinci Resolve mac
- All plugins - Popups wrong metrics when changing screen
- All plugins - Presets not imported
- All plugins - VST3 - Nuendo - WIN (UHD360) - Wrong window size init
- All plugins - VST3 - WIN (UHD630) - REAPER - GUI refresh issue when in single window mode
- All plugins - GUI issue with AMD graphics on windows - flickering issue
- All plugins - AU - Plugins parameters are reset when bouncing in Reaper
- All plugins - VST2 - no multichannel with the plugins 23.X in Reaper
- All plugins - VST - Resizing the GUI does not update the floating window size in Nuendo on Windows with UHD630 graphics
- Bittersweet - VST3 - crashes on Pyramix on instantiation
- StereoTool / EVO Channel - VST3 - No goniometer / analyzer in Wavelab
- Elixir - Not available as 32 channels in Reaper
- EVO series - AAX - Dark Mode wrong GUI init

- EVO series - remove unused and duplicated presets
- EVO Channel - VST3 - spectrum smoothing slider crashes Studio one
- EVO Channel / EVO Eq - VST3 - Analyzer not working in Ableton Live
- EVO Channel / EVO Eq - scale eq control always reload on auto mode
- EVO Eq - weird release on meter
- EVO In - GUI refresh issue when toggling night/day mode
- EVO Touch - Zero Crossing Threshold label missing in the geek panel
- EVO Touch - frequency band selector does not always recall the good settings on session reload
- EVO Touch/ EVO Channel - Frequency range slider is hard to handle
- Pure Serie - VST3 - Attack value max 80ms
- Pure Comp - Crash when loading “Bass guitar” preset
- Pure Limiter - VST3 - advanced mode does not turn on advanced settings
- StereoTool - VST3 - vector scope not working in Ableton Live on Windows
- StereoTool - Not working in Final Cut Pro
- TRAX - Crash using oversampling with sessions set at 2FS or higher
- TRAX Tr - not usable in Protools anymore (build 50123)

### **A.3.3 Known issues**

- All plugins - VST - GUI issue in Izotope Ozone and RX
- All plugins - AAX - Preset manager - Default preset is not applied to parameters at plugin instantiation
- Elixir - Latency not properly compensated after changing stage parameters value in VST and AudioUnit
- TRAX tr - Learn function returning wrong values
- VerbV3 - HOA 3rd order not working properly

## **A.4 Build 23.1.0.50251 - All plugins**

### **A.4.1 New features**

- New plugins Evo Compressor, Evo Touch and Evo EQ.
- VST3 support
- ARM support for AAX, AU and VST3
- Plugins are now resizable
- Elixir now supports 32 channels
- Alchemist, BitterSweet, Epure, Pure Compressor, Pure DCompressor, Pure Expander, Pure DExpander, PureLimiter, Solera, Syrah now support 16 channels

## A.4.2 Bugs fixes

- All plugins - Preset Manager - Update user preset do not work
- All plugins - Preset manager - Crash or freeze when saving a preset
- All plugins - UI may be black on Intel UHD 630 graphical cards
- All plugins - AU/VST3 - Preset manager - Default preset is not applied to parameters at plugin instantiation
- All plugins - AAX - Crash with OSC when changing fx slot in Pro Tools
- All plugins - AU - Logic Pro - Automation of boolean/integer parameters broken
- All plugins - AU - Plugins crash in Da Vinci Resolve
- All plugins - DaVinci Resolve - VST - UI is truncated
- All plugins - Streamlabs - Plugins do not work
- All plugins - Licensing issue in DaVinci Resolve and GarageBand
- Alchemist - The range parameter works only for the 1st band
- BitterSweet - Not possible to tweak the Output gain after unlinking it
- BitterSweet - Output gain not reloaded properly when the link is disabled
- BSPro - some modes are not accessible due to GUI issue
- Epure - macOS - Bad graphic scale initialization at 2&4FS
- Evo Channel - Meter reference is not saved
- Syrah - Crash when selecting preset “Static fast compression”
- TRAX Tr - When the link is activated, the Formant slider does not have the expected audio effect
- TRAX Tr - ProTools - Issue in AudioStudio when the modulation is enabled
- VerbSession/VerbSession Studio Session and BSPro StudioSession - Pyramix - VST crash when instantiated
- Verb/Verb Studio Session - Crash when reloading session having 2 instances

### A.4.3 Known issues

- All plugins - VST - GUI issue in Izotope Ozone and RX
- All plugins - AAX - Preset manager - Default preset is not applied to parameters at plugin instantiation
- Elixir - Latency not properly compensated after changing stage parameters value in VST and AudioUnit
- TRAX tr - Learn function returning wrong values
- VerbV3 - HOA 3rd order not working properly

## A.5 Build 21.12.0.50123 - All plugins except TRAX and StudioSession

### Bug fixes

- All plugins AudioUnit - GUI issue with Hdpi displays on macOS Monterey
- All plugins VST - Plugin scan freeze in Wavelab 11 on Mac M1 machines
- All plugins VST - Crash in Adobe Audition on macOS
- All plugins VST macOS - Fix crashes with Ableton live
- Elixir - Automation is not read for toggle parameters.
- Elixir - Crash when clicking on the settings button on Session version
- Elixir - Several fixes on the UI
- Elixir - Windows AAX - Refresh issue with two instances in ProTools
- HEar - Bypass is working in AAX
- HEar AAX - Crash when doing offline bounce on macOS
- HEar AAX - Crash when editing the matrix on macOS
- HEar AAX - Stereo - Change on Matrix are not applied until we change the preset
- HEar AudioUnit - Ableton crashes when inserting a second instance

## **A.6 Build 21.11.0.50107 (HEar, IRCAM Verb)**

NOTE: CURRENTLY NOT COMPLIANT WITH ABLETON LIVE MACOS

### **Improvement**

- HEar - 5.1.4 & 5.0.4 now available

### **Bug fixes**

- HEar - Fix meters refresh issue
- HEar - No verb on some presets
- HEar - Protools crashes when doing offline bounce on macOS

## **A.7 FLUX:: Immersive - Plugins (including IRCAM Tools) 21.09**

This release includes updates for all FLUX::Immersive plugin processing products with the exception of EVO Channel, Epure, IRCAM Trax, Studio Session.

NOTE: CURRENTLY NOT COMPLIANT WITH ABLETON LIVE MACOS

### **Major optimizations**

- Apple computers Big Sur (new M1 chips) AU validation
- Important updates to the Ircam Verb + Session
- Overall better handling of multichannel track setups such for Atmos. (Ircam Hear, Verb and more)
- Automatic detection of track format / channel order for DAWs when possible.

### **A.7.1 Build 21.9.0.50083**

#### **Bug fixes**

- Apple computers Big Sur (new M1 chips) AU validation failing
- Empty GUI when close/reopen plugin - Windows 10 - UHD630 graphics
- AudioUnit in Reaper - do not process audio when offline bounce
- Default preset not loaded correctly on instantiation of Verb + Verb Session
- Evo.Channel on Retina - Input and Output Sliders badly scaled
- Incompatible AudioUnit issue in Apple Final Cut Pro
- Plugins: Recall Preset Flags (e.g. “All but setup”) recall always everything
- Preset Manager - UI issue with small plugins when a preset has been created
- Ircam Verb Session reload in VST with audio interruption



- VST Plugins Session not correctly reloaded if it integrate an IO configuration change
- Verb session - Dry/wet not applied in offline render
- Verb v3 Atmos crash on AAX
- Verb: AU validation failed on Apple M1
- Verb: LFE not disabled by default on ProTools
- Verb: Recall Preset may be not correct with double click inside the preset manager
- Verb: disabled channel is not re-injected according to dry/wet parameter (100 % wet means muted)
- Verb: init issue with Nuendo
- AAX - Some plugins - Crash on Mac / No GUI on Windows
- Overall reliability / stability fixes.
- Plugin size not correct
- Potential plugins crash when opening UI

## A.8 FLUX:: Immersive - Plugins (including IRCAM Tools) 20.12

This major release includes updates for all **FLUX::Immersive** products with the exception of IRCAM Spat V3 legacy product. Please refer to Spat V3 - Spat Revolution crossgrade options.

### Major optimizations

- HiDPI / Retina support + display enhancements and fixes
- Page Table unification for **Avid Control**, S1, S3, S4, S6 and S6L.
- OSC Control for plugins.
- **IRCAM Verb** support for Dolby Atmos, Multichannel support up to 16 channels
- **IRCAM Hear** - Multichannel stability improvement, Now up to 10 channels. (Dolby Atmos 7.1.2)
- **IRCAM Tools** - Audio I/O Matrix and Multichannel enhancement
- Most plugins support of 8 channel.
- 16 channel support for **Bittersweet Pro, Evo In and Evo Channel**

### A.8.1 Build 20.12.0.49880

#### Bug fixes

Core:

- BPro - Latency report issue (AAX)
- IRCAM TRAX Tr - Latency report issue
- IRCAM Verb - Wrong initialization value for Reverb density
- IRCAM Verb -Dry signal still goes out in disabled channels when wet is 100%

- All Pure Dynamics PI + Alchemist - Wrong Thresholds initialization values
- AAX “monolithic” are broken like Hear, TRAX etc...
- Almost all AAX plugins don’t reload parameters from 47856 version session.
- Pure Limiter - Diff feature bypassed the input gain.
- Pure Limiter - Inverted sidechain filters.
- Any plugin except Evo Channel - Research Presets resets when click on a preset.
- Evo channel - Wrong values when reloading touch section.

UI:

- Current preset name disappear on re-opening GUI or session

## A.9 Known Issues

- Wavelab “Sample rate not supported” when a plugin is inserted on a clip, track or output section.
- TRAX Tr - Learn frequencies display wrong values (AAX only).
- Hear - Internal config labels change when modify LFE input config from routing matrix.
- When using OSC on a plugin in Pro Tools, a chrash will occur if you change/move FX insert slots